| | Case 5:21-cv-01930-JWH-KK Documer | nt 1 Filed 11/12/21 Page 1 of 72 Page ID #:1 |
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| 11 12 | * Applications <i>Pro Hac Vice</i> to be Sub Attorneys for Plaintiff | omitted |
| 13 14 15 | | ATES DISTRICT COURT L DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA |
| 16 | ML PRODUCTS INC. | Case No.: 21-cv-1930 |
| 17 | Plaintiff, | COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY |
| 18 | v. | TRIAL 1. Violations of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § |
| 19 20 21 22 | NINESTAR TECHNOLOGY CO. LTD.; NINESTAR CORP.; ASTER GRAPHICS, INC.; BILLIONTREE TECHNOLOGY USA, INC.; MOUNTAIN PEAK. INC.: V4INK INC.; and DOES 1 through 125, inclusive, | Violations of the Lamann Act, 15 0.5.0. § 1051 et seq.; Violations of California Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200, et seq.; Violations of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17500, et seq. |
| 23 | Defendants. | |
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| | | -1- COMPLAINT |

NOW COMES Plaintiff ML Products Inc., with knowledge as to its own actions and events, and upon information and belief as to other matters, and alleges as follows against Defendants Ninestar Technology Co., Ltd., Ninestar Corp., Aster Graphics, Inc., BillionTree Technology USA, Inc., Mountain Peak, Inc., V4INK Inc., and Does 1-125 (together, "Defendants"):

I.

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is a case about unfair competition. Defendants, who are sellers of thirdparty printer ink and toner cartridges on the Amazon.com online sales platform, have successfully deployed numerous false, deceptive, unfair, or otherwise unlawful tactics in order to inflate their retail sales at the expense of sales by Plaintiff ML Products Inc., a competing third-party ink and toner seller. Third-party ink and toner cartridges generate an estimated \$350 million or more in annual sales on Amazon. Sellers, including ML Products and Defendants, compete for those sales. Defendants, however, have dominated the market through their deceptive and unlawful actions as described herein, and ML Products Inc. has as a result been cheated out of millions of dollars in sales

2. Sales on Amazon are driven to an overwhelming extent by a product's placement among the relevant products in Amazon's organic search results based on keyword searching. As relevant here, consumers search Amazon for ink and toner compatible with their printer and then purchase a product from among those offered by sellers. The ink/toners offered in the search results typically include the Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) brand for the relevant printer along with third-party private label brands, such as those sold by Plaintiff and/or Defendants. Amazon uses an algorithm to prioritize the items offered in the organic search results for each keyword search. A limited number of products appear on the first page of search results and other competing products on sequential pages thereafter. Most shoppers never look beyond Amazon's first page of search results and most purchases are made from among the first

few listings in the organic search results. A listing appearing at the top of the organic search results is, accordingly, critical to sales.

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3. Defendants' tactics, individually and collectively, are designed to manipulate Amazon's algorithm into artificially elevating their listings to higher priority positions in the organic search results for keywords relating to ink and toner. Defendants employ these tactics so that their products appear higher up and on the first page or pages of search results and thus garner greater sales while at the same time bumping down their competitors' products and thus decreasing their competitors' sales. These tactics have been successful. Academic research has demonstrated that Amazon rating manipulation has a large causal effect on sales.

4. To achieve these inflated sales, which are made at the expense of honest sellers like Plaintiff, Defendants employ some or all of the following tactics:

- commissioning fake product reviews;
- compensating customers for product reviews or to change or remove negative product reviews;
- manipulating sales rank by accepting fake orders that Defendants themselves pay for;
- use of "ghost" accounts to manufacture the false impression of interest in or sales of products, to inflate product ratings, and/or to manipulate the "helpful" voting for (likely false) positive reviews of Defendants' products; and

 reusing older product listings (and their accompanying review history) with new product offerings in order falsely to capitalize on past sales and review history for new products.

5. Each of the tactics outlined above employs a deception to manipulate the Amazon algorithm, designed to elevate the product in question to a higher ranking and an earlier position in Amazon's organic search results. Used together, the tactics have an even greater effect—but even that is not the full extent of Defendants' deception.

6. Defendants exacerbate the impact of these deceptions by deploying them in combination with their use of multiple seller accounts that appear to offer competing products to the consumer. Each of the Defendants owns, operates, and/or controls multiple selling "brands," typically through an opaque web of sham business entities, so that it can occupy not just one of the top spots in Amazon's organic search results, but *multiple* spots. If a single spot high in the organic search results is valuable for generating sales (and it is), then holding multiple high spots is even more valuable. Through this practice, Defendants create the false impression that multiple sellers are competing to sell third-party toner or ink replacements compatible with the consumer's needs, when in fact, these straw-sellers exist only to crowd other potential sellers out of the top search result spots. With this tactic, each Defendant falsely portrays itself as though it is a number of competing sellers for the same product (all of which employ the same ranking manipulation tactics), further enhancing its sales at the expense of honest sellers.

7. All of these tactics violate Amazon's marketplace rules and seller contract. Defendants' actions constitute false advertising and/or unfair competition under the Lanham Act and other laws as described herein. These actions have harmed Plaintiff ML Products Inc., which competes with Defendants for the sale of consumer replacement ink and toner cartridges. ML Products Inc. brings this action for monetary damages and disgorgement of Defendants' ill-gotten profits, along with enhanced or treble damages, injunctive relief, and recovery of attorneys' fees and costs of suit.

II.

PARTIES

A. Plaintiff

8. ML Products Inc. ("ML Products") is a Los Angeles-based online distributor and retailer. Since 1999, ML Products has sold various kinds of toner and ink, making sales to wholesalers, retailers, and consumers. It is presently engaged in the online sale to consumers of replacement toner and ink cartridges on Amazon, where it competes with Defendants for sales. ML Products is organized under the laws of the State of California and its principal place of business is in Thousand Oaks, California.

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B. Defendants

9. Collectively, Defendants, and/or entities under Defendants' control, account for an estimated 70 percent or more of the third-party ink and toner sales on Amazon through use of the practices complained of throughout this Complaint.

10. Defendant Ninestar Technology Co., Ltd. ("Ninestar U.S.") is a business engaged in the online sale to consumers of replacement toner and ink cartridges on Amazon. Ninestar U.S. is organized under the laws of the State of New Jersey and has its principal place of business in Chino, California. Ninestar U.S. is a wholly owned subsidiary of Defendant Ninestar Corp.

11. Defendant Ninestar Corp. ("Ninestar China" and, together with Ninestar U.S., the "Ninestar Defendants") is a business engaged in the online sale to consumers of replacement toner and ink cartridges on Amazon. Ninestar China is organized under the laws of China and has its principal place of business in Zhuhai, China.

12. Ninestar U.S. and Ninestar China own, operate, and/or control, directly or indirectly, a number of ostensibly separate "brands" of replacement toner and ink which are offered for sale in the United States on Amazon. These brands, including a number of shell corporations affiliated therewith, are alter egos of Ninestar U.S. and Ninestar China. Ninestar U.S., Ninestar China, and these alter ego corporate affiliates and brands are related entities under common ownership and control and are all part of a common enterprise that the Ninestar Defendants refer to as "Ninestar" and/or the "Ninestar Group." The Ninestar Group accounts for an estimated \$160 million or more in annual sales of third-party ink and toner on Amazon.

13. Defendant Aster Graphics, Inc. ("Aster") is a business engaged in the online sale to consumers of replacement toner cartridges on Amazon. Aster is organized under the laws of the State of California and has its principal place of business in Riverside, California. Aster owns, operates, and/or controls, directly or indirectly, a number of

ostensibly separate "brands" of replacement toner and ink which are offered for sale in the United States on Amazon. These brands, including a number of shell corporations affiliated therewith, are alter egos of Aster. Aster and these alter ego corporate affiliates and brands are related entities under common ownership and control and are all part of a common enterprise referred to herein as the "Aster Group." The Aster Group accounts for an estimated \$50 million in annual sales of third-party ink and toner on Amazon.

14. Defendant BillionTree Technology USA, Inc. ("BillionTree") is or was a business engaged in the online sale to consumers of replacement toner and ink cartridges on Amazon. BillionTree was organized under the laws of the State of California and had its principal place of business in the City of Industry, California. BillionTree owned, operated, and/or controlled, directly or indirectly, a number of ostensibly separate "brands" of replacement toner and ink which are still offered for sale in the United States on Amazon but now operated by Mountain Peak, Inc. BillionTree was dissolved on March 3, 2020, and Mountain Peak, Inc. took over as the business operating BillionTree's brands and shell companies. All allegations made against BillionTree in this complaint are also made against Mountain Peak, and vice versa.

15. Defendant Mountain Peak, Inc. ("Mountain Peak") is a business engaged in the online sale to consumers of replacement toner and ink cartridges on Amazon. Mountain Peak is organized under the laws of the State of California and has its principal place of business in the City of Industry, California. Mountain Peak was incorporated in California on February 2, 2017. Mountain Peak is the successor to BillionTree and now operates the BillionTree business. Mountain Peak owns, operates, and/or controls, directly or indirectly, the numerous BillionTree "brands" of replacement toner and ink which are offered for sale in United States on Amazon. These brands, including a number of shell corporations affiliated therewith, are alter egos of BillionTree and Mountain Peak. All allegations made against BillionTree in this complaint are also made against Mountain Peak, and vice versa. BillionTree, Mountain Peak, and these alter ego corporate affiliates and brands are related entities under common ownership and control and are all part of a common enterprise

> -6-COMPLAINT

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referred to herein as the "BillionTree Group." The BillionTree Group accounts for an estimated \$25 million in annual sales of third-party ink and toner on Amazon.

16. Defendant V4INK, Inc. ("V4INK") is a business engaged in the online sale to consumers of replacement toner and ink cartridges on Amazon. V4INK is organized under the laws of the State of California and has its principal place of business in Diamond Bar, California. V4INK owns, operates, and/or controls, directly or indirectly, a number of ostensibly separate "brands" of replacement toner and ink which are offered for sale in the United States on Amazon. These brands, including a number of shell corporations affiliated therewith, are alter egos of V4INK. V4INK and these alter ego corporate affiliates and brands are related entities under common ownership and control and are all part of a common enterprise referred to herein as the "V4INK Group." The V4INK Group accounts for an estimated \$20 million in annual sales of third-party ink and toner on Amazon.

C. Doe Defendants

17. Doe Defendants 1 through 25 represent presently unknown corporate or brand affiliates, or straw sellers owned, operated, or controlled by the Ninestar Defendants, who participate or participated in the Ninestar Group's schemes as described herein or as may be discovered during the pendency of this action.

18. Doe Defendants 26 through 50 represent presently unknown corporate or brand affiliates, or straw sellers owned, operated, or controlled by Aster, who participate or participated in the Aster Group's schemes as described herein or as may be discovered during the pendency of this action.

19. Doe Defendants 51 through 75 represent presently unknown corporate or brand affiliates, or straw sellers owned, operated, or controlled by BillionTree, who participate or participated in the BillionTree Group's schemes as described herein or as may be discovered during the pendency of this action.

20. Doe Defendants 76 through 100 represent presently unknown corporate or brand affiliates, or straw sellers owned, operated, or controlled by V4INK, who participate

or participated in the V4INK Group's schemes as described herein or as may be discovered during the pendency of this action.

21. Doe Defendants 101 through 125 represent presently unknown other sellers to consumers of replacement ink and toner cartridges on Amazon who employ the same or similar unlawful conduct attributed to the Defendants as described herein.

III.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

22. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331. This Court also has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiffs' state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.

23. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants Ninestar U.S., Aster, BillionTree, and V4INK, by virtue of those parties doing business in this Judicial District and because those Defendants are headquartered in California. These Defendants have also engaged in statutory violations within the State of California and this District.

24. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant Ninestar China because, together with its wholly-owned subsidiary Ninestar U.S. and with the other members of the Ninestar Group, it has participated in conduct complained of herein within this Judicial District and in the State of California. Ninestar China owns and operates, among other shell companies and brands, Lemero Corp. and ICartridge Crop., which are registered entities in California and conduct business in California, including offering for sale third-party toner and ink cartridges on Amazon. Ninestar China has choreographed, directed, or overseen the creation and use of various corporate entities and brands for purposes of selling toner and ink in California, and has caused the filing with California authorities of various corporate records and registrations necessary to carry out the schemes described herein. The actions of each of these shell companies and brands as complained of throughout this Complaint are carried out at the direction of, and for the benefit of, Ninestar China.

Z5. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391.
B Defendants have conducted, and continue to conduct, business in this District, and a

substantial part of the acts and omissions giving rise to the claims occurred, at least in part, within this District. Most of Defendants are headquartered here, maintain offices or facilities here, market, advertise, and sell the subject products here, and otherwise conducted extensive business, within this District.

IV.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

A. Appearing at the Top of Organic Search Results Is Key to Retail Success on Amazon

26. Amazon is the world's largest online retailer, with a market share that far exceeds that of its competitors. Through its Amazon.com online platform, Amazon dominates the online retail sales market, controlling between 50-70% of all online retail sales in the United States. Amazon holds an even larger market share of multi-seller online retail platforms. Over six million independent, third-party sellers rely on Amazon's online retail platform to sell their own products. Amazon also hosts 1.7 million active third-party sellers from around the world,¹ about 32 times more than the 54,000 third-party sellers that Walmart.com hosts.² A 2020 survey estimated that about 37% of Amazon's third-party sellers, representing over 850,000 sellers, rely on Amazon as their sole source of income.³

¹ Number of Sellers on Amazon Marketplace, MARKETPLACE PULSE, https://www.marketplacepulse.com/amazon/number-of-sellers (last visited Sept. 30, 2021); see also Online Platforms and Market Power, Part 6: Examining the Dominance of Amazon, Apple, Facebook, and Google: Hearing Before the Subcomm. on Antitrust, Commercial and Admin. Law of the H. Comm. on the Judiciary, 116th Cong. (2020) at 5 (statement of Jeff Bezos, CEO, Amazon.com, Inc.) ("There are now 1.7 million small and medium-sized businesses around the world selling in Amazon's stores.").

² Walmart's Fulfillment Service for Sellers Not Seeing Adoption, MARKETPLACE PULSE, <u>https://www.marketplacepulse.com/articles/walmarts-fulfillment-service-for-sellers-not-seeing-adoption</u> (last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

³ The State of the Amazon Seller JUNGLESCOUT, (2020),

^{6 &}lt;u>https://www.junglescout.com/lp/brand/?utm_source=google&utm_medium=cpc&utm_campaign=JS-</u> DS-EN-USA-S_B-Brand&utm_adgroup=Jungle_Scout-

EM&utm_term=jungle%20scout&utm_matchtype=Exact&gclid=CjwKCAiAvriMBhAuEiwA8Cs5lcba
 QrN-rcLK2O9y32tEmRSZLvIX8AOdwtl03-NvOpVpOCW0vPY-OxoCXWEQAvD_BwE
 (last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

27. Most of the products sold on Amazon are sold by third-party sellers rather than by Amazon itself. In 2018, Amazon reported that customers spent \$160 billion on items from third-party sellers, which was 58 percent of all sales on the site. More than 1 million sellers joined Amazon marketplaces around the world that year.⁴ This growth in retail online shopping has only accelerated. Since the onset of the COVID19 pandemic, Amazon says that it has added 50 million Prime members and has made profits of over \$26 billion, more than the previous three years combined.⁵

28. In 2018, the *Washington Post* reported that more than half of all online product searches start on Amazon, citing survey data from the digital marketing firm BloomReach. As it concluded: landing among the first ten results on an Amazon search can mean "an explosion in sales."⁶

29. When a consumer enters a keyword search in the Amazon search bar, Amazon displays a results list that contains "sponsored" results and "organic" results. "Sponsored" results are product listings for which the seller has paid Amazon to list the product in response to certain search keywords. Sponsored results typically appear at or near the top of the list. Consumers generally understand that sponsored results appear at the top of the list only because the seller has paid to have those listings appear there. Many consumers are thus skeptical of sponsored listings. Consumers have a strong preference for products listed in Amazon's "organic" search results. The organic results comprise a list of products that Amazon's algorithm believes will drive consumer sales. The algorithm returns a list

⁴ Her Amazon Purchases Are Real. The Review Are Fake. (Nicole Nguyen Nov. 20, 2019) <u>https://www.buzzfeednews.com/article/nicolenguyen/her-amazon-purchases-are-real-the-reviews-are-fake</u> (Last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

⁵ Fake Reviews and Inflated Ratings Are Still a Problem for Amazon (Nicole Nguyen. June 13, 2021) <u>https://www.wsj.com/articles/fake-reviews-and-inflated-ratings-are-still-a-problem-for-amazon-</u>

^{11623587313 (}Last visited Nov. 12, 2021)

⁶ How merchants use Facebook to flood Amazon with fake reviews (Elizabeth Dwoskin and Craig Timberg. April 23, 2018) <u>https://www.washingtonpost.com/business/economy/how-merchants-secretly-</u>

^{28 &}lt;u>use-facebook-to-flood-amazon-with-fake-reviews/2018/04/23/5dad1e30-4392-11e8-8569-26fda6b404c7_story.html</u> (Last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

of products related to the customer's search using, among other criteria, sales volume, sales conversion rate, and the products with a combination of the highest star ratings and the 2 3 greatest number of star ratings. Each product is denominated by its own unique Amazon 4 Standard Identification Number (ASIN) and accompanied by an average customer review 5 rating of one to five stars and, usually, text and/or video or image product reviews purportedly authored by consumers who purchased the product. 6

According to the Wall Street Journal, when people search for products on 30. Amazon, almost two-thirds of all product clicks come from the first page of search results. Amazon's search system rankings can thus "make or break" a product, because Amazon's search bar is "the most common way for U.S. shoppers to find items online, and most 10 purchases stem from the first page of search results, according to marketing analytics firm Jumpshot."7 Indeed, according to a 2018 article published by Search Engine Journal, 13 Amazon's own data concludes that:

- 70 percent of Amazon customers never click past the first page of search results;
- 35 percent of Amazon shoppers click on the first product featured on a search page;
- The first three items displayed in search results account for 64 percent of clicks; and
- 81 percent of clicks are on brands on the first page of search results.⁸

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⁷ Amazon Changed Search Algorithm in Ways That Boost Its Own Products (Dana Mattioli. Sept. 16, 2019) https://www.wsj.com/articles/amazon-changed-search-algorithm-in-ways-that-boost-its-ownproducts-11568645345 (Last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

⁸ Amazon's Search Engine Ranking Algorithm: What Marketers Need to Know (Loren Baker, Aug. 14, 28 2018), available at https://www.searchenginejournal.com/amazon-search-engine-ranking-algorithmexplained/265173/ (last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

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31. Accordingly, for sellers on Amazon, it is critical to retail sales that the seller's product appear at or near the top of the list of results and on the first page. Most consumers will never look beyond that page.

This is even more true in the market for third-party private label ink and toner 4 32. sold on Amazon. Replacement ink and toner cartridges are sold on Amazon as both OEMbranded ink and toner and third-party, or private label, branded products. The OEMbranded ink and toner products-e.g., Canon, Hewlett Packard, Brother, etc.-are compatible with the various models of name-brand printers that the OEMs sell.

33. Replacement ink and toner is a lucrative source of sales for the OEMs. As OEM manufacturers introduce new hardware to the market along with compatible replacement ink and toner, third-party private label sellers race to keep up with replacement cartridges that are compatible with the new offerings.

Although third-party ink and toner comprises hundreds of millions of dollars 34. of sales each year on Amazon, there is very little basis beyond star and review ratings by which consumers can differentiate among competing brands of third-party ink and toner, unlike name-brand OEM ink and toner. For sellers of ink and toner, sponsored listings are generally considered to be a "loss leader," because the cost of sponsorship is greater than the profits one reasonably would expect to earn from the sponsored listings. For these reasons, consumers on Amazon choose from among third-party brands almost entirely on the basis of which ones appear first in the search results and which have the best star ratings. Oftentimes, consumers do not even recall the brand they chose after buying it. "Reviews are more important than a brand," says Fred Diman, CEO of Potoo Solutions, a firm that consults with ecommerce companies. "There's major brands that are being crushed by small direct-to-Amazon or direct-to-consumer brands."9 It is this search priority ranking determined by the Amazon algorithm that Defendants have consistently manipulated in order unfairly to achieve sales on Amazon.

²⁸ ⁹What Do Amazon's Star Ratings Really Mean?, available at https://www.wired.com/story/amazon-starsratings-calculated/ (last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

B. The Defendants Use Deception and Unfair Practices to Manipulate the Amazon Algorithm and Achieve Sales, to the Detriment of Plaintiff.

35. Ninestar, Aster, BillionTree, and V4INK have used a number of deceptive tactics to manipulate the Amazon search results algorithm and to falsely advertise their ink and toner replacement cartridges. Many of the tactics they have employed are common amongst the bad actors on the Amazon platform because of their effectiveness, and have been documented by news outlets that report on these behaviors. Set out below are illustrations of some of these tactics, but the reality is that Defendants unleash an ever-changing barrage of deceptive tactics in order to game the Amazon algorithm. Round and round they go, and as soon as Amazon catches up to one black-hat tactic, Defendants switch to another.

One of Defendants' primary deceptive tactics is selling the same ink or toner 36. disguised under multiple different brand names. Amazon permits a seller to list a product only once. But because Amazon allows other sellers to sell competing similar products, Defendants operate multiple selling accounts, under various different names, and use these accounts to sell the same ink or toner under different brand names. Defendants create the (deceptive) appearance of different sellers competing against each other for sales of the same third-party ink or toner product when, in fact, these purportedly different sellers form an interrelated web all operating for the benefit of a single enterprise. This deception provides each such enterprise (*i.e.*, the Ninestar Group, the Aster Group, etc.) with a number of unfair advantages over honest sellers who follow Amazon's policies. By selling the same item under different brand names using different seller accounts, Defendants generate more opportunities for their products to land at the top of the organic search results. They also give themselves an opportunity to occupy more than a single spot in the search rankings, which simultaneously pushes down the listings of their actual competitors. Finally, these multiple listings permit Defendants to take greater risks in flaunting Amazon's policies, as the suspension of a single seller account will not eliminate all of the enterprise's sales under other seller accounts.

37. The Ninestar Group, for instance, uses a fleet of ostensibly separate sellers to sell replacement ink and toner under some *nineteen* different brand names. Here, for instance, are two ostensibly competing remanufactured "63XL" ink cartridges, one using the "Mytoner" brand, and the other using the "Ziprint" brand (red circles added for clarity; not part of the original image):

MYTONER Remanufactured Ink Cartridge f 63 Ink for Øfficejet 3830 4650 4652 4655 REPLACEMENT FOR **1YTONER** 4520 4512 4516 Deskjet 1112 2130 2132 63XL Printer (Black,Color,2-Pack) K 📀 Visit the MYTONER Store 2PCS ★★★★☆ ~ 791 ratings Price: \$39,99 & FREE Returns MYTONER MYTONER Brand MYTONER 63xl ink black and color **Compatibility Options** Remanufactured Color Page Yield 480 Color Officejet 3830 4650 4652 4655 5255 5258 E Compatible Devices 1112 2130 2132 3630 3632 3637 Printer ZIPRINT Remanufactured Ink Cartrid ---63XL 63 XL Ink Cartridge use with O ZIPRINT Envy 4520 4512 Deskjet 3630 3632 63XL Printer (1 Black, 1 Tri-Color) Visit the ZIPRINT Store ★★★★☆ ~ 1,042 ratings | 3 answered questions Price. \$39.99 & FREE Returns Brand ZIPRINT 63xl ink cartridges black and coloi Cot **Compatibility Options** Remanufactured Page Yield 480 OFFICE HP Envy 4520 4512 4522 4516 Pr **Compatible Devices** Y Date 3834 4652 4654 4655 Printer, HP

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38. Although these appear to be competing offerings, documents available from the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office reveal that the owner of the trademarks for the Mytoner and Ziprint brands is a single entity: Zhuhai Ninestar Management Technology, Ltd., a member of the Ninestar Group (red circles added for clarity; not part of the original images):

| MATT | ONED |
|---|---|
| | ONER |
| Word Mark | MYTONER |
| Goods and Services | IC 002, US 006 011 016, G & S: Coating composition in the nature of paint for industrial applications; C FIRST USE IN COMMERCE: 20160501 |
| Standard Characters Claimed | |
| Mark Drawing Code Serial Number Filing Date | (4) STANDARD CHARACTER MARK 87537957 July 21, 2017 |
| Current Basis | 1A |
| Original Filing Basis Published for Opposition | |
| Registration Number Registration Date | 5396428 February 6, 2018 |
| Owner Attorney of Record | (REGISTRANT) Zhuha Ninestar Management Co., Ltd. CORPORATION CHINA 5A, Building 1 No. 38 Sherry Wu |
| Type of Mark Register | TRADEMARK |
| Live/Dead Indicator | LIVE |
| TSDR ASSIGN Status | TTAB Statue (Use the "Back" button of the Internet Browser to return to TESS) |
| | |
| | |
| Vord Mark Goods and Services | ZIPRINT IC 002. US 006 011 016. G & S: Toners; Filled ink cartridges for printers; Filled toner cartridges; Photocopier toner; Printe |
| Vord Mark | ZIPRINT |
| Vord Mark Soods and Services itandard Characters Iaimed fark Drawing Code ierial Number | ZIPRINT IC 002. US 006 011 016. G & S: Toners; Filled ink cartridges for printers; Filled toner cartridges; Photocopier toner; Printe 20090508 (4) STANDARD CHARACTER MARK 90519520 |
| Vord Mark Soods and Services itandard Characters Jaimed Aark Drawing Code | ZIPRINT IC 002. US 006 011 016. G & S: Toners; Filled ink cartridges for printers; Filled toner cartridges; Photocopier toner; Printe 20090508 (4) STANDARD CHARACTER MARK |
| Vord Mark Soods and Services itandard Characters Zlaimed Aark Drawing Code ierial Number i'iling Date Jurrent Basis Yriginal Filling Basis 'ublished for Opposition | ZIPRINT IC 002. US 006 011 016. G & S: Toners; Filled ink cartridges for printers; Filled toner cartridges; Photocopier toner; Printe 20090508 (4) STANDARD CHARACTER MARK 90519520 February 9, 2021 1A 1A October 12, 2021 |
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39. Using shell companies and multiple brands to sell the same product creates the illusion of competition among these brands even though each sale is orchestrated by and for the benefit of Ninestar. (Aster, BillionTree, and V4INK do the same.) More importantly, though, this practice crowds out the listings of honest sellers: even if one Ninestar replacement ink cartridge deserved one spot at or near the top of the organic search results, each additional Ninestar offering at or near the top of the results pushes another honest seller's product lower in the organic results, where it becomes less and less visible to buyers and likely never to have the opportunity to win sales.

40. Defendants further ensure that their multiple identical products rise to the top of the search rankings by using a number of different "cheat code" techniques intended to manipulate the Amazon algorithm into artificially awarding them priority in the organic search results. These deceptive tactics include: commissioning fake product reviews; compensating customers for favorable reviews or to change negative reviews; accepting fake orders or orders that they paid for in order to manipulate sales rank; manipulating the "helpful" voting for reviews; and reusing old product listings with new offerings to falsely portray sales and review history for the new product.

41. These tactics build upon and enhance each other. For example, by accepting orders that they have paid for, Defendants not only increase their sales rank, but also increase their conversion rate and decrease their return rate—metrics that Amazon tracks and uses to prioritize organic search results. The widespread use of fake reviews also artificially increases Defendants' conversion rate. Using these cheat codes in conjunction with their crowding strategy, Defendants artificially boost multiple different listings to the limited number of top spots in the organic search results, effectively shutting out of the market any seller not using these tactics. Unless Amazon punishes the cheating seller, the seller continues to benefit through high sales and honest sellers continue to be pushed unfairly out of the market. Ironically, the more this leads to actual sales, the higher the product is then rated and ranked in organic search results by Amazon's algorithm: a feedback loop fueled by deception.

-16-COMPLAINT 42. Following are examples of each Defendant's deceptive and unfair conduct. These deceptions, by their nature, are designed to remain hidden and opaque. Only discovery in this lawsuit will lift the veil on the totality of Defendants' conduct.

The Ninestar Group

43. The Ninestar Group sells third-party private label toners and inks on Amazon for printer brands HP, Canon, Brother, Dell, Xerox, and others. It does so through a group of shell companies, seller accounts, and brands that it owns and controls, including at least: Ninestar Management Co., Ltd., Zhuhai Seine Technology Co. Ltd., Zhuhai Ninestar Management Co., Ltd., ICartridge Corp., Zhuhai Seine Technology Co., Ltd., Ninestar Image Inc., Lemero Corp., Plenty Talent Corp., Zhuhai Kingway Group Holdings, Ltd., Kingway Image Co., Ltd., Ourway Image Tech Co., Ltd., E-Z Ink, Inc., and Kingjet Image Co.

44. Ninestar China's 2019 Consolidated Financial Statements list Ninestar Image Tech Limited, Ninestar Technology Company Ltd., Ninestar Image Company Limited, Lexmark International LLC, Topjet Technology Co., Ltd., Pro Image Tech Limited, and Imaging Lab Tech Limited all as subsidiaries of Ninestar China.

Ninestar Alter Ego Sellers

45. The Ninestar Group sells or, in the time relevant to this action, has sold ink and toner on Amazon under approximately nineteen different brand names. Each of these brands and their sham sellers are actually just alter egos of Ninestar, created or acquired by it in order to offer the same product under multiple listings, thus crowding the field on Amazon and creating the illusion of competition for sales of those products. In fact, a sale of any one of those "competing" products is a sale by Ninestar.

46. In 2017, Ninestar expanded its brand ownership by acquiring majority interest in Topjet (E-Z Ink, Valuetoner, GPC Image, LxTek, Shidono, ejet, Uniwork) and majority interest in Kingway (Kingway, Kingjet, Starink). Ninestar acquired complete ownership of both Topjet and Kingway in 2020.

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47. The ostensibly competing brands owned or controlled by the Ninestar Group include, at least, the following:

| Lemero | myCartridge | OA100 | Ziprint |
|---------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|
| Myik | Teino | HiPage | INKNI |
| Mytoner | E-Z Ink | Valuetoner | GPC Image |
| LxTek | G&G | Ejet | Uniwork |
| Kingway | Kingjet | Starink | Lemero Utrust |
| Lemero SuperX | Lemero UExpect | MyCartridge | MyCartridge |
| | | Phoever | Suprint |
| MyCartridge | | | |
| Supcolor | | | |

The U.S. trademark for the brand "Ninestar" is registered to Ninestar 48. Management Co., Ltd., of No. 63 Mingzhubei Road, Quianshan, Zhuhai City, Guangdong, China 519075, which is an address of Ninestar China.¹⁰ Ninestar U.S., the New Jersey company now based in Chino, California, also operates as G&G Technology Co., Ltd. (G&G).¹¹ Ninestar U.S.'s website is branded as G&G and states that "G&G, [is] a premium global brand from Ninestar, delivering gold standard consumables and professional printing solutions to more than 200 million consumers in over 170 countries."¹² The G&G "contact us" page has pictures of its offices around the world, including Ninestar China (Ninestar Image Tech Limited, in Zhuhai Guangdong), Ninestar Europe (Seine, in The Netherlands), Ninestar U.S. (Ninestar Technology Co., Ltd., in Chino, CA), and another in Japan.¹³ The address listed for Ninestar China: Ninestar Image Tech Limited (No. 3883,

 ¹⁰ https://www.reuters.com/companies/002180.SZ
 ¹¹ https://www.ninestarimage.com/
 ¹² https://www.ninestarimage.com/About_Us/G_G_Brand/
 ¹³ https://www.ninestarimage.com/About_Us/Contact_Us/

Zhuhai Avenue, Xiangzhou District, Zhuhai Guangdong P.R. China 519060) on the "contact us" page is another registered address of Ninestar China, which is also the address Ninestar Management Co., Ltd. lists on its trademark registration of their Mytoner brand.¹⁴ Some of the "separate" brands listed above are likewise registered to and owned by these same entities. This is true, for instance, of the brand Myik, which is also registered to Ninestar Management Co., Ltd., at the same address in Zhuhai City, Guangdong, China. The U.S. trademark for Ziprint was originally registered to that same entity, at that same address, though it is now registered to Zhuhai Ninestar Management Co., Ltd. These various brands thus have common ownership and are not actually competing brands.

49. Ninestar's 2020 Annual Report lists both ICartridge Corp. and Lemero as subsidiaries of Ninestar. ICartridge Crop. owns the myCartridge brand. Even though myCartridge and Lemero hold themselves out as "competitors" they share the same business address, a post office box at 12523 Limonite Ave., Suite 440-2351, Mira Loma, California, 91752. Additionally, these "competitors" share the same brand ambassador Novak Djokovic (Lemero ASIN: B07RFRYW54. myCartridge ASIN: B071G4PGWR):



50. The corporate interrelationships of others of these brands, some of which ostensibly are owned by other legal entities, are less transparent, though still exist. Each is an alter ego of Ninestar.

51. One way to illustrate these various corporate interrelationships is to examine the numerous ostensibly competing brands of third-party ink and toner on Amazon that are compatible with popular printers. The following examples (in addition to the 952XL "competing" products depicted above) elucidate many such relationships and demonstrate that all of these interwoven brands, sham corporations, and straw sellers are simple standins for Ninestar. While these examples (and the following relationships) can be discerned through a public document investigation, the full scope of the practice can be ascertained only by discovery in this action.

NINESTAR EXAMPLE PRODUCT #1: Brother TN-227 Compatible Toner

52. Ninestar offers for sale on Amazon toner replacements compatible with the popular Brother TN-227 under at least ten different brand names, including Lemero, myCartridge, OA100, Ziprint, Myik, Teino, INKNI, Mytoner, E-Z Ink, and Valuetoner. These ostensibly competing products, which dominate the search results for this toner, are actually all Ninestar product offerings.

53. As noted above, like the Ninestar brand itself, two of these brands—Ziprint and Myik—are owned by Ninestar Technology Company, Ltd., the New Jersey entity with a principal place of business in Chino, California.

54. Also like the Ninestar brand, the U.S. trademarks for Ziprint, Mytoner, and Myik are registered, at least in part, to Ninestar Management Co., Ltd., at No. 63, Mingzhubei Road, Qianshan, Zhuhai City, Guangdong China 519075.

55. The U.S. trademarks for two of the other brands—Lemero and Teino—are ostensibly owned by an entity called Zhuhai Seine Technology Co. Ltd., the registered address of which is the same as that of Ninestar Management Co., Ltd., at No. 63, Mingzhubei Road, Qianshan, Zhuhai City, Guangdong China 519075.

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56. The trademark for INKNI is owned by Pro Image Tech Limited. Pro Image tech is listed as a subsidiary of Ninestar China in the Ninestar 2019 Consolidated Financial Statements. .

57. The U.S. trademark for OA100 is also owned, at least in part, by Zhuhai Seine Technology Co. Ltd., the registered address of which is the same as that of Ninestar Management Co., Ltd., at No. 63, Mingzhubei Road, Qianshan, Zhuhai City, Guangdong China 519075.

58. The brand myCartridge is ostensibly owned by an entity called iCartridge Corp., a California company. According to records available from the California Secretary of State, iCartridge Corp. was initially registered to the address 6700 Citrine Court, Mira Loma, California, 91752 (by an individual named William Dai). This is a residential address. It also is the same address at which Lemero initially was registered (and by the same individual). iCartridge Corp.'s address was later updated to 12523 Limonite Ave., Ste. 440-2531, Mira Loma, California. This is the address of a UPS Store, i.e., a commercial post office drop box. Lemero, too, was later updated to this very same post office box address. The Ninestar Group's Plenty Talent Corp. (which is affiliated with the HiPage brand) shares this same address. Statements of Business Information for iCartridge Corp. and Lemero that are on file with the Secretary of State both were signed on May 22, 2020 by an individual named Weiming Dai, who also is listed as agent for service of process for each. Further, articles of incorporation for both iCartridge Corp. and Lemero list William Dai as the "incorporator." William Dai happens also to be the CEO, the signatory on the statement of business information, and the agent for service of process of Ninestar Technology Company, Ltd., i.e., Ninestar U.S. iCartridge, Lemero, and Ninestar U.S. recently all filed corporate "Statement of Information - No Change" forms with the Secretary of State on the identical date (June 21, 2021).

26 59. The brands E-Z Ink; and Valuetoner also offer "competing" toner replacements for the Brother TN227. These, too, are brands controlled by Ninestar. E-Z

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Ink and Valuetoner are owned by Topjet, which Ninestar has controlled since 2017 and now owns outright.

60. Each of these brands, while ostensibly competing for sales of replacement toner compatible with the Brother TN227 is actually a Ninestar stand-in and alter ego.

NINESTAR EXAMPLE PRODUCT #2: Canon 046H Compatible Toner

61. As another example, Ninestar offers for sale on Amazon toner replacements compatible with the Canon 046H under at least four different brand names, including Ziprint, Lemero, Teino, and Ejet. As above, these ostensibly competing products, which dominate the search results for this toner, are actually all Ninestar product offerings.

62. The details regarding Ziprint, Lemero, and Teino are set out above. Ejet is owned by Topjet, which Ninestar has controlled since 2017 and now owns outright.

63. Each of these brands, while ostensibly competing for sales of replacement toner compatible with the Canon 046H is actually a Ninestar stand-in and alter ego.

NINESTAR EXAMPLE PRODUCT #3: Canon PGI-250xl 251xl Compatible Ink

64. As another example, Ninestar offers for sale on Amazon ink replacements compatible with the Canon PGI-250xl or 251xl under at least seven different brand names, including Lemero, myCartridge, Teino, E-Z Ink, GPC Image, Kingjet, and Starink. As above, these ostensibly competing products, which dominate the search results for this toner, are actually all Ninestar product offerings.

65. The details regarding Lemero, myCartridge, Teino, and E-Z Ink are set out above. GPC Image is owned by Topjet, which Ninestar has controlled since 2017 and now owns outright. Kingjet and Starink are owned by Kingway, which Ninestar has controlled since 2017 and now owns outright. The U.S. trademarks for Kingjet and Starink are both registered to Ourway Image Tech Co., Ltd., a California entity with a registered address of 17800 Castelton Street, City of Industry, California 91748.

66. Each of these brands, while ostensibly competing for sales of replacement ink compatible with the Canon PGI-250x1 or 251x1 is actually a Ninestar stand-in and alter ego.

NINESTAR EXAMPLE PRODUCT #4: Canon PGI-280xxl 281xxl Compatible Ink

67. As another example, Ninestar offers for sale on Amazon ink replacements compatible with the Canon PGI-280xl or 281xl under at least twelve different brand names, including Ziprint, Myik, Lemero, myCartridge, Teino, INKNI, E-Z Ink, GPC Image, Uniwork, Kingway, Kingjet, and Starink. As above, these ostensibly competing products, which dominate the search results for this toner, are actually all Ninestar product offerings.

68. The details regarding many of these brands are set out above. Like Kingjet and Starink (discussed above), the brand Kingway is also owned by Kingway, which Ninestar has controlled since 2017 and now owns outright. The U.S. trademarks for Kingway, Kingjet, and Starink, moreover are or were initially registered to entities sharing the address Room 1501, Grand Millenium Plaza (Lower Block), 181 Queen's Central, Hong Kong, China. The brand Uniwork was acquired when Ninestar purchased Topjet in 2017.

69. Each of these brands, while ostensibly competing for sales of replacement ink compatible with the Canon PGI-280xl or 281xl is actually a Ninestar stand-in and alter ego.

NINESTAR EXAMPLE PRODUCT #5: HP 202x Compatible Toner

70. As another example, Ninestar offers for sale on Amazon toner replacements compatible with the HP 202x under at least nine different brand names, including: Ziprint; Lemero; OA100; Valuetoner; GPC Image; LxTek; Uniwork; Kingjet; and Starink. As above, these ostensibly competing products, which dominate the search results for this toner, are actually all Ninestar product offerings.

71. The details regarding many of these brands are set out above. Kingway, and Starink, are owned by Kingway, which Ninestar has controlled since 2017 and now owns outright. In addition, Uniwork and LxTek are owned by Topjet, which Ninestar has also controlled since 2017.

72. Each of these brands, while ostensibly competing for sales of replacement toner compatible with the HP 202x is actually a Ninestar stand-in and alter ego.

-23-COMPLAINT 73. When a consumer searches for toner or ink on Amazon, the Ninestar Group shell companies and brands lead the consumer to believe she is choosing from among independently competing companies or brands. In reality, the choice is from among a large number of offerings of the same product sold by and for the benefit of Ninestar. No matter which of the "different" brands the consumer chooses to purchase, Ninestar wins the business and makes the sale.

74. As detailed below, this deceptive use of more than one seller account is a violation of Amazon rules and provides an unfair advantage to Ninestar at the expense of honest sellers like Plaintiff.

75. Despite Ninestar's attempts to conceal its ownership and control of the shell companies and brands, the corporate records pertaining to the shell companies, trademark registrations of the brands, and various public documents all lead back to Ninestar. Ninestar's purpose in creating these shell companies and brands is to falsely portray competition among numerous "sellers" and to crowd non-Ninestar sellers out of the search results, all while driving toner and ink purchases to Ninestar.

76. On information and belief, Ninestar U.S. and Ninestar China act in concert with each other and with the other shell companies and brands under fictitious names within the Ninestar Group in order to engage in the conduct complained of in this Complaint.

77. Ninestar U.S. and Ninestar China are jointly and severally responsible for the conduct of the Ninestar Group complained of herein, including the conduct of the shell companies and fictitious brand entities, which they operate as a single enterprise by commingling resources, assets, operations, commercial activities, incur expenses and achieve profits jointly for the benefit of the combined enterprise, its owners and officers. Numerous of these shell companies share addresses and registration details as described herein. Although they purport to be separate corporations, many appear to have no employees at all. Public records disclose, for instance, that although Ninestar Technology Company, Ltd. received a Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP") loan in 2020, none of the

following "separate" entities did so: Lemero Corp., ICartridge Corp., Ninestar Image, Inc., Plenty Talent, Corp., and Ourway Image Tech Co.

Ninestar False Advertising

78. In addition to flooding the marketplace with brands, Ninestar also manipulates the Amazon search algorithms with incentivized reviews, fake reviews, or other tactics as described in this complaint.

79. For instance, one of Ninestar's brands, Valuetoner, which is owned by Ninestar China subsidiary Topjet, sells a replacement cartridge for the HP 61XL ink. Several customers disclose in their reviews for the Valuetoner ink (ASIN: B07STHBJX1) that the seller offered them compensation in exchange for the updating or deleting their negative review (highlighting added):

Customer Review

Jay D
 ★★☆☆☆ Inconsistent

Reviewed in the United States on November 14, 2020
Verified Purchase Early Reviewer Rewards (What's this?)

Inconsistent print quality. If you're printing barcode i don't think they're great for that, otherwise ok.

Customer Review

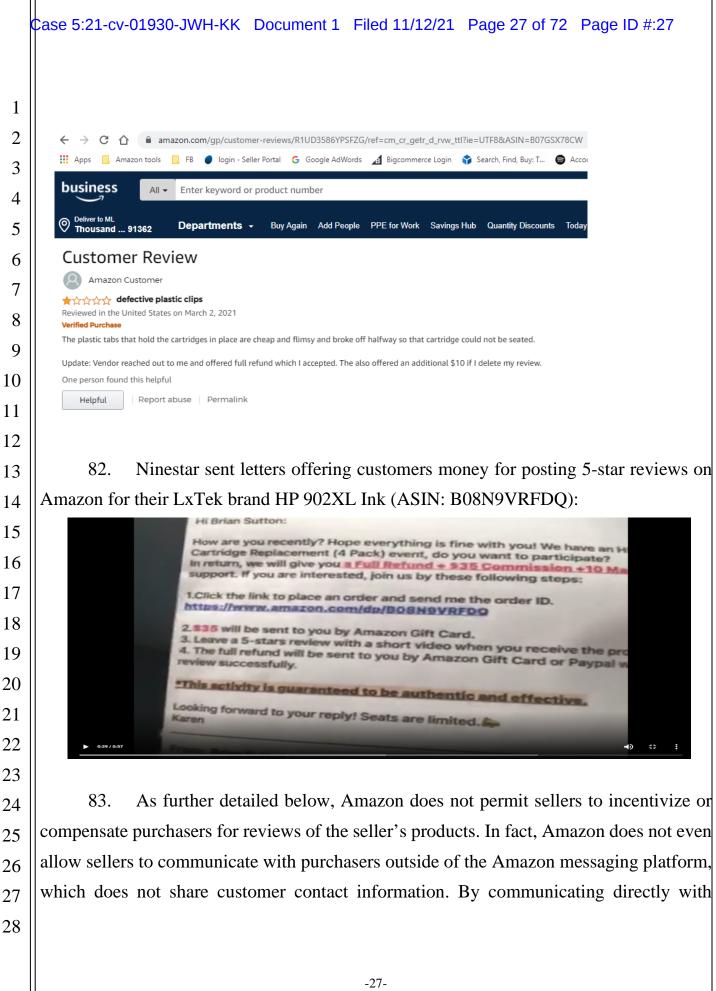
Dirittany t

★☆☆☆☆ Doesn't work/company harrassment Reviewed in the United States on December 30, 2019 Verified Purchase | Early Reviewer Rewards (What's this?)

Stopped working after a hour. Printer stopped recognizing it. Company keeps harassing me to change review for a refund. Tell them leave me alone. Thanks

Edit: The seller tries to manipulate reviews by offering a full refund and bonus for removing your bad review. Keeps emailing me. Lost another star.

| | Case 5:21-cv-01930-JWH-KK Document 1 Filed 11/12/21 Page 26 of 72 Page ID #:26 |
|-----------------------|---|
| 1 2 3 4 5 | Customer Review TexasCirl TexasCirl Reviewed in the United States on June 15, 2020 Verified Purchase Second Edit: I finally installed the cartridge the seller replaced and my printer refuses to recognize the cartridge at all. I'm off to Walmart in the middle of a project to buy HP ink. I guess I am just out the money for this one. The error message reads: Used or Counterfeit cartridge installed. The ink indicator shows zero ink in the color cartridge. |
| 6 7 | EDIT: Seller saw my negative review and emailed me to offer new cartridges in return to remove negative review. They sent new cartridges out. I have not used up the manufacturers cartridges I had to buy at Walmart so I haven't installed them yet. They assured me they fixed the problem I had with the first cartridges and the replacements will work perfectly. I am raising the rating because they reached out to me to make things right. I'm adding stars for customer service. After I install the replacements, and if the quality of the print is up to par, I will come back and change the rating again. |
| 8 | they never responded. I can't use them, I can't return them. Seller won't respond so I'm just out the money. Don't risk it. It's like throwing cash in the trash can. |
| 9 10 | 80. The product review for an e-jet product (another Ninestar brand), noted that the company offered a gift card in exchange for a review of a product that Ninestar knew |
| 11 | the customer did not need (highlighting added): |
| 12 | Kindle Customer |
| 13 | ★☆☆☆☆ Does not work with my printer Reviewed in the United States on October 28, 2020 |
| 14 | Verified Purchase I have a HP Officejet 3830 and every time I want to print, I have to run the troubleshooter which then pushes the job through. This was not an issue until I installed the ink cartridge from this purchase. Brints fine after that, but is a corious pain to have to take outer stores for guery using paint in the World purchase again. |
| 15 | cartridges from this purchase. Prints fine after that, but is a serious pain to have to take extra steps for every single print job. Won't purchase again. *EDIT* |
| 16 | The company reached out to me to offer a refund on the defective product. They found the issue and have made changes to make sure it no longer happens. I am changing the rating to reflect the excellent customer service and will give them another try in hopes of product improvement. |
| 17 18 | *EDIT AGAIN* The company has since reached out to offer another gift card for me to review a product that I have not purchased. They specifically noted that while they knew I did not need it and had not bought it, that they would send me money to post a positive review and "help them out". I declined that offer and changed my rating for this product back to 1 star. Buyer beware. |
| 19 | One person found this helpful Helpful Report abuse |
| 20 | 81. The vendor for another Ninestar brand, E-Z Ink, (ASIN: B07GSX78CW) |
| 21 | offered a customer \$10.00 to delete a negative review: |
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customers Ninestar has circumvented Amazon rules. By incentivizing customer reviews, Ninestar further violates Amazon rules and falsely advertises its products.¹⁵

84. These are not the only indicia that Ninestar used false ratings and reviews or otherwise manipulated the Amazon algorithm. Another leading indicator relates to the statistically inexplicable volume of reviews and elevated product ratings enjoyed by Defendants' products on Amazon.

85. OEM-brand replacement ink/toner typically is the top-selling brand for any given printer. That is, not surprisingly, Hewlett-Packard brand inks typically lead sales on Amazon for replacement ink compatible with Hewlett-Packard brand printers—and frequently by a significant margin. Despite these greater sales (and thus greater opportunity for reviews), however, the volume of reviews and product ratings for Ninestar's competing third-party ink and toner products frequently outpace the OEM offering by a statistically unexplainable margin.

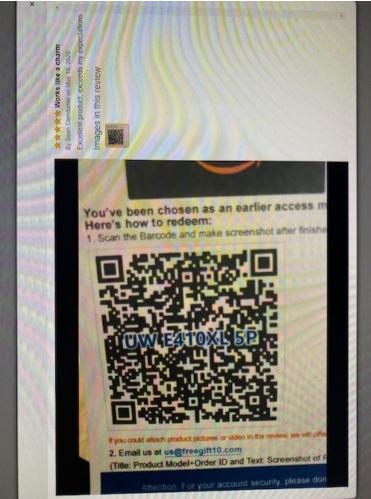
86. Reviews and ratings for Hewlett-Packard's 902XL ink (compatible with a number of HP OfficeJet printers) are illustrative. Amazon sells the OEM-brand HP 902XL ink (ASIN: B01BYKD628), while Ninestar's LxTek brand sells the compatible third-party private label HP 902XL ink (ASIN: B08WCSLVJY). The LxTek brand first became available on February 9, 2021. Between that date and September 30, 2021, LxTek sold 20,145 HP 902XL units on Amazon as compared to the OEM brand, which sold 143,446 units over the same time period. Notwithstanding that its sales represent just 14 percent of the OEM-brand sales, the LxTek product amassed 513 positive product reviews on Amazon while the OEM-brand had only 157 positive reviews.

87. This is not merely an anomaly, as there are many such examples. The OEMbrand HP 414A toner (ASIN: B07R5W5H4L) has sold 101,735 units on Amazon and garnered just 30 positive reviews. Meanwhile, Ninestar brand GPC Image HP 414A toner

Amazon operates a product review program called "Vine," which allows sellers to submit their products for review by registered Vine participants. While those reviewers are compensated, this is unlike the under-the-table reviews Ninestar commissioned in the examples above. In fact, Vine reviews tend on the whole to be more negative than ordinary uncompensated reviews.

has just 3,548 unit sales and yet has amassed 108 positive reviews. That is, despite selling only 3.5 percent of the OEM-brand sales, Ninestar's product has more than triple the number of positive reviews. Put another way, this is more than 100 times the number of positive reviews one would expect to see for the Ninestar product.

88. A reviewer of a Uniwork product (another Ninestar brand) disclosed exactly how Ninestar is able to achieve such high rates of reviews. The review for the product (ASIN: B084MGX33T) includes a photo of a QR code that when scanned leads the customer directly to the review page and instructs the customer how to leave a review in exchange for an Amazon gift card:



89. According to the consumer rights group "Which?", the existence of an unusually high number of reviews relative to other products in a category is indicative of review manipulation. Other red flags include reviews containing images and video, "a

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common request from sellers who incentivize positive reviews," overly positive reviews and ratings, and reviews posted en masse at or around the same time.¹⁶

90. Ninestar is also engaged in the use of false "helpful" votes on reviews. A comparison of the helpful vote data from the OEM Hewlett-Packard HP 564XL (ASIN: B004LQZTKK) and the Ninestar brand GPC Image HP 564XL (ASIN: B01H6XZVI4) demonstrates this. Over the last two years the OEM has averaged sales of 10,000 units per month of HP 564XL while GPC Image HP 564XL has averaged sales of 200 units per month. Despite the discrepancy in sales the OEM has 151 helpful votes for 5-star reviews while GPC Image has 385 helpful votes for 5-star reviews. One particular GPC Image 5-star review has 188 helpful votes while the highest amount of helpful votes for an OEM 5-star review is 17.

91. Ninestar's acts are false and have deceived consumers. As a result of these acts, ML Products Inc. has lost sales of competing products.

92. Through the conduct described herein, Ninestar and its controlled brands and shell companies sell more than \$160 million per year worth of replacement ink and toner on Amazon, accounting for nearly 50 percent of the market for same.

The Aster Group

93. The Aster Group sells replacement toners on Amazon for printer brands HP, Canon, Brother, and others. It does so through a group of corporate shell companies and brands that it owns and controls, including at least: Intercon International Corp., Revol Trading, Inc., and Eco Imaging Inc.

Aster Alter Ego Sellers

94. The Aster Group sells or, in the time relevant to this action, has sold ink and toner on Amazon under under at least seven different brand names. Each of these brands and their sham sellers are actually just alter egos of Aster, created or acquired by it in order

¹⁶ How to spot a fake review (Hannah Downes. Sept. 14, 2021)

^{8 &}lt;u>https://www.which.co.uk/reviews/online-shopping/article/online-shopping/how-to-spot-a-fake-review-aiDaS3e1ivfr</u> (Last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

to offer the same product under multiple listings, thus crowding the field on Amazon and creating the illusion of competition for sales of those products. In fact, a sale of any one of those "competing" products is a sale by Aster.

95. The ostensibly competing brands owned or controlled by the Aster Group include, at least, the following:

| Arcon | True Image | Amstech | Cool Toner |
|-------|------------|----------|------------|
| Aztec | Toner Bank | Victoner | |

96. One way to illustrate these various corporate interrelationships is to examine the numerous ostensibly competing brands of third-party toner on Amazon that are compatible with popular printers. The following examples elucidate many such relationships and demonstrate that all of these interwoven brands, sham corporations, and straw sellers are simple stand-ins for Aster. While these examples (and the following relationships) can be discerned through a public document investigation, the full scope of the practice can be ascertained only by discovery in this action.

ASTER EXAMPLE PRODUCT #1: Hewlett Packard CF248A Compatible Toner

97. Aster offers for sale on Amazon toner replacements compatible with the Hewlett Packard CF248A under at least four brand names, including Arcon, Amstech, Cool Toner, and Toner Bank. These ostensibly competing products, which dominate the search results for this toner, are actually all Aster product offerings.

98. The U.S. Trademark for the brand Arcon is registered to an entity called Intercon International Corp. Intercon International Corp. was registered with the California Secretary of State on November 14, 2012.

99. The brand Cool Toner is registered to an entity called Eco Imaging Inc. dba Cool Toner. Eco Imaging Inc.'s Statement of Business Information was signed by Claire Huang, who is the same individual that signed Intercon International Corp.'s Statement of Business Information. Huang is listed as an accountant for each of the entities on their Statements of Business Information.

100. Intercon International Corp. and Eco Imaging Inc. dba Cool Toner filed Statement of Information "No-Change" notices with the Secretary of State on virtually identical dates in November 2020. Corporate records on file with the Secretary of State's office for both also list "SUNDOC FILINGS (C2173790)" as their agent for service of process, which is the same agent listed in the corporate filings of Aster Graphics, Inc., itself.

101. The U.S. trademarks for Aster and the brands Arcon, True Image, Toner Bank, Cool Toner, and Catch Supplies were all arranged by the same two attorneys at the Law Offices of Steve Qi & Associates.

102. The Amstech trademark was registered on July 18, 2017, the same day as Arcon and True Image. One week before that and a day prior to Cool Toner on July 10, 2017, the Aztec trademark was registered.

103. Each of these brands, while ostensibly competing for sales of replacement toner compatible with the Hewlett Packard CF248A is actually an Aster stand-in and alter ego.

ASTER EXAMPLE PRODUCT #2: HP 201X (CF400X) and 202X Compatible Toner

104. As another example, Aster offers for sale on Amazon toner replacements compatible with the HP 201X (CF400X) under at least four brand names, including Arcon, True Image, Aztec, and Catch Supplies. Aster offers for sale on Amazon toner replacements compatible with the HP202x under at least four brand names, including Arcon, True Image, Amstech, and Toner Bank.These ostensibly competing products, which dominate the search results for these toners, are actually all Aster product offerings.

105. Like Aster's own registered trademark (and Cool Toner's trademark), the U.S. trademark for the brand True Image was registered by attorney Zixuan Zhou, which likely is a pseudonym for Thomas Z. Zhou, the attorney who registered trademarks for Arcon and Toner Bank. The signatory on True Image's corporate registration, Huai Fu, is a member of the Aster Board of Directors. Like Intercon International Corp. and Eco Imaging dba Cool Toner, the corporate Statement of Business Information for True Image was signed

by Claire Huang (and on the identical date of November 28, 2017). In addition, True Image's filed a Statement of Information "No-Change" notice with the Secretary of State on November 16, 2020—the identical date that Intercon International Corp. made its No-Change filing (and 3 days after Eco Imaging's filing). Finally, like Aster, Intercon International Corp., and Eco Imaging dba Cool Toner, corporate filings for True Image list "SUNDOC FILINGS (C2173790)" as its agent for service of process.

106. As with Arcon and Toner Bank, the U.S. trademark for the brand Catch Supplies was registered by the aforementioned Thomas Z. Zhou. The brand is registered to Catch Supplies, Inc., which—like Aster, Intercon International Corp., True Image, and Cool Toner—nominated SUNDOC FILINGS as its agent for service of process. Catch Supplies' corporate Statement of Business Information was signed by Dan Huang (Intercon International, True Image, and Eco Imaging were signed by Claire Huang), and like those others, its Statement of Information "No Change" form was filed with the Secretary of State in November 2020.

107. The Amstech trademark was registered on July 18, 2017, the same day as Arcon and True Image. One week before that and a day prior to Cool Toner on July 10, 2017, the Aztec trademark was registered.

108. Each of these brands, while ostensibly competing for sales of replacement toner compatible with the HP 201X (CF400X) and the HP 202X is actually an Aster standin and alter ego.

109. When a consumer searches for toner on Amazon, the Aster Group shell companies and brands lead the consumer to believe she is choosing from among independently competing companies or brands. In reality, the choice is from among a large number of offerings of the same product sold by and for the benefit of Aster. No matter which of the "different" brands the consumer chooses to purchase, Aster wins the business and makes the sale.

110. As detailed below, this deceptive use of more than one seller account is a violation of Amazon rules and provides an unfair advantage to Aster at the expense of honest sellers like Plaintiff.

111. Despite Aster's attempts to conceal its ownership and control of the shell companies and brands, the corporate records pertaining to the shell companies, trademark registrations of the brands, and various public documents all lead back to Aster. Aster's purpose in creating these shell companies and brands is to falsely portray competition among numerous "sellers" and to crowd non-Aster sellers out of the search results, all while driving toner purchases to Aster.

112. On information and belief, Aster acts in concert with the other shell companies and brands under fictitious names within the Aster Group in order to engage in the conduct complained of in this Complaint.

113. On information and belief, Aster is jointly and severally responsible for the conduct of the Aster Group complained of herein, including the conduct of the shell companies and fictitious brand entities, which it operates as a single enterprise by commingling resources, assets, operations, commercial activities, incur expenses and achieve profits jointly for the benefit of the combined enterprise, its owners and officers. Numerous of these shell companies share addresses and registration details as described herein. Although they purport to be separate corporations, many appear to have no employees at all. Public records disclose, for instance, that although Aster Graphics, Inc. received a Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP") loan in 2020, none of the following "separate" entities did so: Intercon International Crop., Revol Trading, Inc., Amstech Limited, Eco Imaging, Inc., and Catch Supplies, Inc.

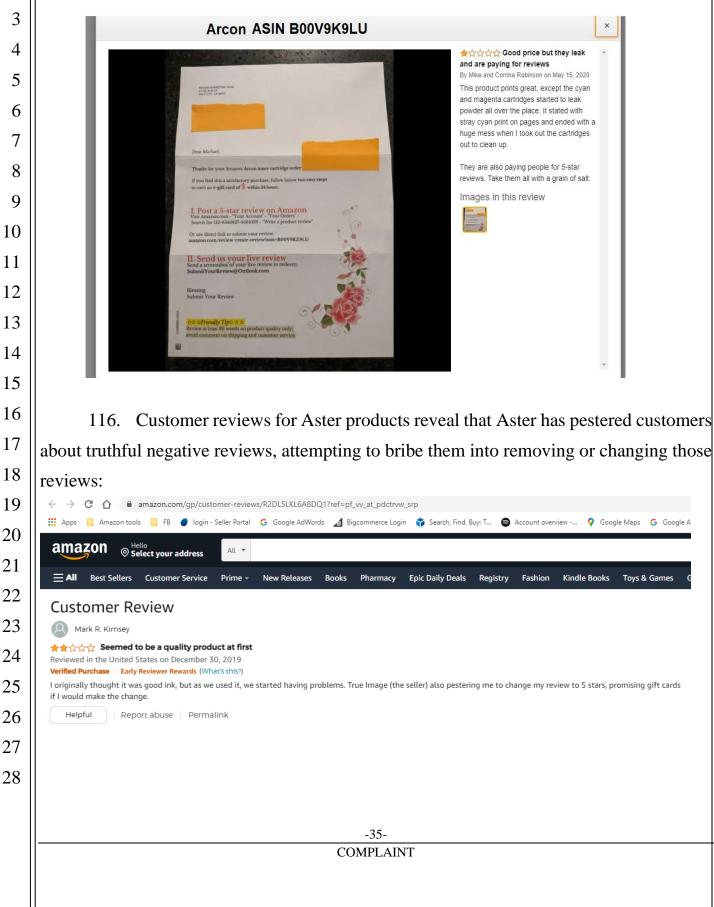
4 || Aster False Advertising

114. In addition to flooding the marketplace with brands, Aster also manipulates the Amazon search algorithms with incentivized reviews, fake reviews, or other tactics as described in this complaint.

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115. Aster compensated customers for favorable reviews and instructed customers how to write reviews.



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| | |
| 1 | C A amazon.com/gp/customer-reviews/RCZNAZ429LJXF/ref=cm_cr_getr_d_rvw_ttl?ie=UTF8&ASIN=B06XRD1RL9 Apps Amazon tools FB Iogin - Seller Portal G Google AdWords A Bigcommerce Login Search, Find, Buy: T |
| 2 | business All - Enter keyword or product number |
| 3 | © Deliver to ML Thousand 91362 Departments - Buy Again Add People PPE for Work Savings Hub Quantity Discounts Today's Deals Workplace Essentials Gift Cards |
| 4 | Thousand 91362 Departments - Buy Again Add People PPE for Work Savings Hub Quantity Discounts Today's Deals Workplace Essentials Gift Cards |
| 5 | B John Creighton |
| 6 | 大会会 I would give this 5 stars BUT poor customer service Reviewed in the United States on November 3, 2020 |
| 7 | Verified Purchase Early Reviewer Rewards (What's this?) This product is a good value for your money, BUT one of the ink cartridges leaves a streak down the paper every time and has done so from the beginning. I saw in another |
| 8 | review that others had the same problem but they said customer service was very helpful to get them a free replacement. When I reached out to customer service I received no answer and nobody has got back to me since. I'm willing to forgive product defects as it happens occasionally but only if the company corrects the problem adequately: I CANNOT forgive poor customer service. |
| 9 | ***UPDATE*** Customer service only reached out to me after I posted my initial review. They offered a refund or replacement which was appreciated and I chose to give them another shot and |
| 10 | opted for the replacement. I received the replacement in a timely manner; however, because I am a business owner and my business involves a lot of printing for invoicing customers and quoting jobs, I had already ordered new cartridges from a different company. I ordered them in December 2020 and they have worked perfectly ever since and are still producing consistent results so that I am able to print professional documents. I agreed to update my review once I had the chance to try out the new cartridges that |
| 11 | they sent me, but have not had the chance to test them because, as I said, the cartridges from the other company have not run out yet. |
| 12 | In the mean time, they have relentlessly bothered me about updating my review to a 5 star based on their "outstanding customer service" or deleting my review altogether. They even went to the extent of trying to buy my review by sending 2 phone charging cables (low quality) on 2 different occasions. If this company truly had outstanding customer service then it wouldn't have taken a 2 star review to get them to follow up on my attempts to contact them. |
| 13 | I would have changed this to a 3 star based on their eventual efforts to make things right and possibly even a 4 star if the new cartridges turned out to to be of good quality; HOWEVER, based on their repeated attempts to get me to give them 5 stars or delete the review, I will stay true to my honest opinion of this company and product. |
| 14 | Helpful Report abuse Permalink |
| 15 | |
| 16 | 117. One customer updated her review to note having received repeated emails |
| 17 | "offering to bribe me so that I would change my review." Aster offered \$30 and then a \$50 |
| 18 | gift card. |
| 19 | Ree Ree |
| 20 | 会会会会 When this company doesn't like what you say they harass you into deleting it Reviewed in the United States on February 4, 2020 Verified Purchase |
| 21 | THIS IS AN UPDATE: July 6, 2020. Just to let everyone know. I have been getting emails from this company to either change my review to make it a 5 star review or to delete altogether. The said they would pay me \$30 if I would do this. Then several emails later the bribe went up to a \$50 gift card to change my review. I have refused and also turned |
| 22 | this company in to Amazon for being disreputable. Yet I am still Getting these emails offering to bribe me so that I would change my review. I have left my original review intact because I felt it was fair and accurate. I hope no one else gets harassed like This. The following is my original review. |
| 23 | As will all toner it doesn't last long enough. This is for our home printer and basically we print sporadically, recipes, a very few personal letters. Not much |
| 24 | 8 people found this helpful Helpful Report abuse |
| 25 | |
| 26 | |
| 27 | |
| 28 | |
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| | Case 5:21-cv-01930-JWH-KK Document 1 Filed 11/12/21 Page 37 of 72 Page ID #:37 |
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| | |
| 1 | 118. Another customer was offered a gift card for a review and stated, "you can't |
| 2 | believe some of the reviews, because they are bought and paid.": |
| 3 | a. Amazon Business × a. Bad Product, Good Customer Ser × + |
| 4 | C C |
| 5 | business All - Enter keyword or product number |
| 6 | Deliver to ML. Thousand 91362 Departments - Buy Again Add People PPE for Work Savings Hub Quantity Discounts Today's Deals Workplace Essentials |
| 7 | Customer Review |
| 8 | (alen |
| 9 | ★★☆☆☆ Bad Product, Good Customer Service Review In the United States on March 19, 2021 |
| 10 | Verified Purchase I purchased a number of these cartridges due to their significantly cheaper cost. Some of them work fine, but a pretty high percentage of them produced horrible print quality right out of the box or after short use. They would leave toner over the entire page or lots of streaks. I reached out to customer service and they were very helpful in sending me |
| 11 | new replacements free of charge. For some reason the replacements they sent seemed to work ok. But they never explained why 5 or 6 of the ones I had bought ended up being trash. After replaceing them they proceeded to ask me to leave a positive review and offered to send me a gift card for leaving a review. Sadly you cant believe some of the |
| 12 | reviews, because they are bought and paid for. Some of the cartridges do work and they are significantly cheaper, but beware of the failure rate. 2 people found this helpful |
| 13 | Helpful Report abuse Permalink 119. Another customer revealed that they were offered \$120 to delete a negative |
| 14 | review: |
| 15 | |
| 16 | ← → C △ amazon.com/gp/customer-reviews/R3FYMXCYIG8SW4/ref=cm_cr_getr_d_rvw_ttl?ie=UTF88tASIN=8084QC5CVB Apps Amazon tools I FB ● login - Seller Portal G Google AdWords A Bigcommerce Login Search, Find, Buy: T ● Account overview ♀ Google Maps |
| 17 | amazon Select your address |
| 18 | ≡ All Best Sellers Prime → Customer Service New Releases Today's Deals Pharmacy Books Fashion Registry Toys & Games Kindle Br |
| 19 | Customer Review |
| 20 | TAF ★★★★☆ Does not work! However, vendor made it right |
| 21 | Reviewed in the United States on July 24, 2021 Verified Purchase |
| 22 | Got the cartridge as a replacement for the hp 414A. Moved chip from old original hp cartridge to new one without issue. However, the cartridge is apparently an 'extra duration' cartridge which does not fit. Now return window is closed and I'm stuck with a useless product. === Added the following 8/19/2021. Vendor responded to the original rating (with only one star) and offered me \$120 to delete the review or edit it. Apparently they feel that |
| 23 | a negative review is the kiss of death. They have informed me that the production problems have been taken care of and that the correct toner cartridge will work. Everyone makes mistakes. This particular vendor has gone out of their way to correct the problem. |
| 24 | Helpful Report abuse Permalink |
| 25 26 | |
| 26 27 | |
| 27 | |
| 20 | |
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120. As further detailed below, Amazon does not permit sellers to incentivize or compensate purchasers for reviews of the seller's products. In fact, Amazon does not even allow sellers to communicate with purchasers outside of the Amazon messaging platform, which does not share customer contact information. By communicating directly with customers Aster has circumvented Amazon rules. By offering to compensate customers for favorable reviews (or for removal of negative reviews) Aster further violates Amazon rules and falsely advertises its products.

121. These are not the only indicia that Aster used false ratings and reviews or otherwise manipulated the Amazon algorithm. Another leading indicator relates to the statistically inexplicable volume of reviews and elevated product ratings enjoyed by Defendants' products on Amazon.

122. OEM-brand replacement toner typically is the top-selling brand for any given printer. That is, not surprisingly, Hewlett-Packard brand toners typically lead sales on Amazon for replacement toner compatible with Hewlett-Packard brand printers-and frequently by a significant margin. Despite these greater sales (and thus greater opportunity for reviews), however, the volume of reviews and product ratings for Aster's competing third-party toners and toner products frequently outpace the OEM offering by a statistically unexplainable margin.

123. Reviews and ratings for Hewlett-Packard's 414A toner (compatible with a number of HP OfficeJet printers) are illustrative. Amazon sells the OEM-brand HP 414A toner (ASIN: B07R5W5H4L), while Aster's True Image brand sells the compatible thirdparty private label HP 414A toner (ASIN: B083FF4B1X). The True Image brand has sold 8,761 HP 414A units on Amazon as compared to the OEM brand, which has sold 101,735 units. Notwithstanding that its sales represent just 8.6 percent of the OEM-brand sales, the True Image product has amassed 387 positive product reviews on Amazon while the OEMbrand has only 30 positive reviews. This is not merely an anomaly, as there are many such examples.

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124. Another deceptive tactic used by Defendants is to repurpose an old product listing to the listing for a brand new product, in order to falsely reflect the old product's sales history, review history, and product rating, thus ensuring a higher organic search result from the time the new product is launched. Here, Aster repurposed an old listing for its Toner Bank brand HP 202x-compatible toner. This is evident for two reasons. First, the OEM HP 202x was not introduced to the market until September 2017, while the Toner Bank third-party offering (which necessarily lagged behind that product release) purports to have been available since August 2016. This indicates that the product listing from an old product has been reused here by Toner Bank. Second, reviews attached to the listing—which, again, is for an HP-compatible toner—refer to how well the *Brother* product works (red and blue text added for clarity; not part of the original image):

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|-------------|--|-----------------|---|---------------------|----------------|
| 1 2 3 | OEM HP 202X Toner hadn't existed Additional Information | until Sep. 2017 | | | |
| 4 | ASIN OEM HP 202X Listing | B074KRP89L | | | |
| 5 | Date First Available | September 5, 20 | | | |
| 6 | Additional Information | the | • OEM HP 202x Toners we market until Sept. 2017. (2x in 2016 when it didn't ev | Can't be selling HP | |
| 7 | ASIN TonerBank 202x | B07VHYF | XZV | | |
| 8 | Date First Available | August 2, | 2016 | | |
| 9 | Reviewed in the United States on March 25, 2019 | 202 | e are some reviews for the x toner, they all reference t ewing a Brother Toner | | |
| 10 | Verified Purchase Early Reviewer Rewards (What's this?) Was well-packaged and installed in my Brother HL-5250DN | with no issue | s. All is good! | | |
| 11 | 2 people found this helpful Helpful Report abuse | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | |
| 13 | Lee Broaden | | | | |
| 14 | Reviewed in the United States on February 22, 2019 Verified Purchase Early Reviewer Rewards (What's this?) | | | | |
| 15 | It fix and printer good copies and the price was right. One person found this helpful | | | | |
| 16 | Helpful Report abuse | | | | |
| 17 | AT WHIT'S ENDE | | | | |
| 18 | ★★★★★ Best toner ever, works just like the orgin Reviewed in the United States on February 8, 2019 | al from Broth | ers, | | |
| 19 | | | | | |
| 20 | 125. Aster is also engag | ged in | the use of fal | se helpful vot | es on reviews. |

125. Aster is also engaged in the use of false helpful votes on reviews. A comparison of the helpful vote data from the OEM Hewlett-Packard HP 206X (ASIN: B0843HV9V1) and the Aster brand True Image HP 206X (ASIN: B086PV1Z1Y) demonstrates this. The OEM has lifetime sales of 48,045 units HP 206X while True Image HP 206X has lifetime sales of 9,770 units. Despite the discrepancy in sales the OEM has 1 helpful vote for 5-star reviews while True Image has 501 helpful votes for 5-star reviews. One particular True Image 5-star review has 47 helpful votes while the highest amount of helpful votes for an OEM 5-star review is 1.

126. Through the conduct described herein, Aster and its controlled brands and shell companies sell nearly \$50 million per year worth of replacement ink and toner on Amazon, accounting for more than 10 percent of the market for same.

The BillionTree Group

127. The BillionTree Group sells replacement toners and inks on Amazon for printer brands HP, Canon, Brother, and others. It does so through a group of corporate shell companies and brands that it owns and controls, including Shenzhen Yangfan Technology Company and ZhuHai MeiJiAn Trading Co., Ltd.

128. Mountain Peak was registered as a corporation in 2017 by the same owner as BillionTree, Jian Zhou, and registered to the same address, 19945 Harrison Ave, City of Industry, California 91789. Additionally, the contact name on the trademark registrations for the 7Magic brand and the ONLYU brand (which formerly were BillionTree brands), Yan Ding, is the same as the contact name on the Mountain Peak trademark registration. When BillionTree was dissolved in March 2020, owner Jian Zhou continued to operate the various BillionTree Group brands and shell companies under the successor Mountain Peak. All allegations herein against BillionTree and/or Mountain Peak apply to the BillionTree Group, BillionTree, and Mountain Peak.

BillionTree Alter Ego Sellers

129. BillionTree sells or, in the time relevant to this action, has sold ink and toner on Amazon under under at least eight different brand names. Each of these brands and their sham sellers are actually just alter egos of BillionTree, created or acquired by it in order to offer the same product under multiple listings, thus crowding the field on Amazon and creating the illusion of competition for sales of those products. In fact, a sale of any one of those "competing" products is a sale by BillionTree.

130. The ostensibly competing brands owned or controlled by BillionTree include, at least, the following:

| 7Magic | Palmtree | CMYBabee | Greensky | | | |
|-----------|----------|----------|----------|--|--|--|
| | | · | | | | |
| | | -41- | | | | |
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| HaloFox | ONLYU | Starover | Toner Kingdom |
|---------|-------|----------|---------------|
|---------|-------|----------|---------------|

131. Each of these brands is an alter ego of BillionTree. While the following relationships can be discerned through a public document investigation, the full scope of the practice can be ascertained only by discovery in this action.

132. Shenzhen Yangfan Technology Co., owns the trademarks to 7Magic and ONLYU, both of which are BillionTree brands listed on Amazon.

133. The U.S. trademark for Toner Kingdom is registered to Jian Zhou. Secretary of State records indicate that Jian Zhou is also the individual who signed BillionTree Technology's Articles of Incorporation, and also serves as its CEO, its agent for service of process, and signed its Statement of Business Information.

134. The U.S. trademark for the brand Greensky is registered to Ying Zhou, c/o The Law Offices of Scott Warmuth, at 17700 Castleton Steet, City of Industry, California.

135. BillionTree offers for sale on Amazon toner replacements compatible with the Canon 045H under at least three different brand names: Greensky, OnlyU, and Starover.

136. BillionTree offers for sale on Amazon toner replacements compatible with the Canon PGI-280xxl and 281xxl under at least three different brand names: HaloFox, OnlyU, and Toner Kingdom.

137. BillionTree offers for sale on Amazon toner replacements compatible with the HP 414A under at least three different brand names: CMYBabee, Greensky, and HaloFox.

138. When a consumer searches for toner or ink on Amazon, the BillionTree Group shell companies and brands lead the consumer to believe she is choosing from among independently competing companies or brands. In reality, the choice is from among a large number of offerings of the same product sold by and for the benefit of BillionTree. No matter which of the "different" brands the consumer chooses to purchase, BillionTree wins the business and makes the sale.

139. As detailed below, this deceptive use of more than one seller account is a violation of Amazon rules and provides an unfair advantage to BillionTree at the expense of honest sellers like Plaintiff.

140. Despite BillionTree's attempts to conceal its ownership and control of the shell companies and brands, the corporate records pertaining to the shell companies, trademark registrations of the brands, and various public documents all lead back to BillionTree. BillionTree's purpose in creating these shell companies and brands is to falsely portray competition among numerous "sellers" and to crowd non-BillionTree sellers out of the search results, all while driving toner and ink purchases to BillionTree.

141. On information and belief, BillionTree acts in concert with the other shell companies and brands under fictitious names within the BillionTree Group in order to engage in the conduct complained of in this Complaint. On information and belief, BillionTree is jointly and severally responsible for the conduct of the BillionTree Group complained of herein, including the conduct of the shell companies and fictitious brand entities, which it operates as a single enterprise by commingling resources, assets, operations, commercial activities, incur expenses and achieve profits jointly for the benefit of the combined enterprise, its owners and officers.

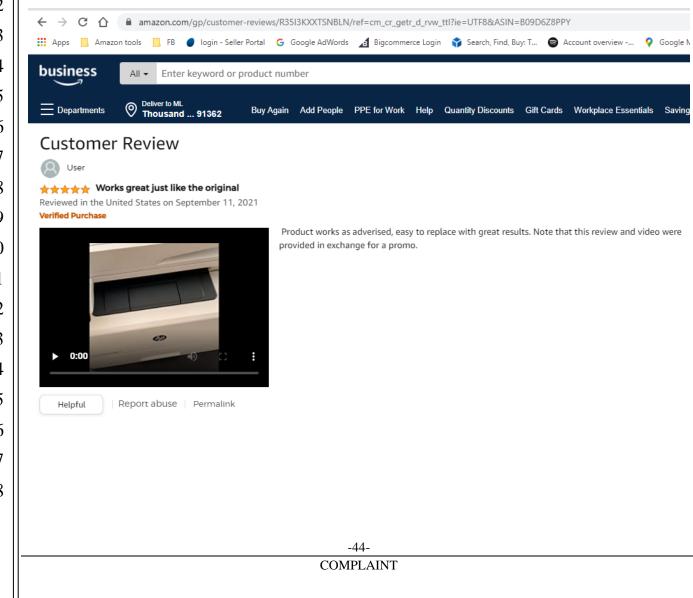
BillionTree False Advertising

142. In addition to flooding the marketplace with brands, BillionTree also manipulates the Amazon search algorithms with incentivized reviews, fake reviews, or other tactics as described in this complaint.

143. Customer reviews themselves reveal that Mountain Peak has paid for positive reviews. One reviewer disclosed that he was offered an Amazon gift card in exchange for writing a review.

 Jordan Webber
 Seems to work as well as OEM toner. Reviewed in the United States on December 31, 2020
 Verified Purchase Early Reviewer Rewards (What's this?)
 Product installs as easily as OEM toner and was recognized without issue. Only printed a few things so far but they look okay.
 Will disclose that I was offered an Amazon gift card to write this review.
 Helpful Report abuse

144. Shortly before the filing of this Complaint, Mountain Peak sent a reviewer instructions to provide a video and a review for a "promo" (ASIN: B09D6Z8PPY):



| 1 | 145. Another reviewer exposed the extreme lengths Mountain Peak is willing to go | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | to manipulate Amazon reviews: | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | C | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | business All - Enter keyword or product number | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | © Deliver to ML. Thousand 91362 Departments - Buy Again Add People PPE for Work Savings Hub Quantity Discounts Today's Deals Workplace Essentials Gift Card | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Customer Review | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | ★★★★ A Tale of Five Star Ink Reviewed in the United States on April 13, 2021 | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Verified Purchase Early Reviewer Rewards (What's this?) "Wow" you may say, "this toner has so many 5 star reviews." Oh, let me tell you why. Are you sitting? Do you have popcorn? Welcome to the Toner Mafia. | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Oh, I was so young and naive when I bought this toner. I thought generic ink was just a simple cartridge being refilled. | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | I was wrong. | | | | | | | | |
| | Young and naive me ordered it in November. It started running out of ink after 70 pages. I shook it, put it back in, and it seemed to go again. I then wrote a review in February. A simple little thing - it ran out of ink after 70 pages, shaking seemed to help. I gave it 3 stars. I felt generous. | | | | | | | | |
| 12 13 | The next week is when it all began. I got an innocent email from Sophia saying she wanted to rectify the problem with the ink. She offered me a replacement cartridge or a refund but would I change my review? She asked if I wanted to join their Toner Club, where I'd get unlimited toner each month for \$20. This seemed excessive, so I declined. I did say I'd take the refund. | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Sophia emailed me again, again asking if I'd like to join the Toner Club. Did I want a replacement or refund? And would I please change my review? | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Alice then emailed me. She wanted pictures of my printouts with the ink running out. I sent them to her. She said she was sending them to quality control. A few hours later, she said her boss was going to send me a refund. Also, how was my weather? Why the weather's nice here, Alice. Thanks so much. | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | I then received about 8 emails from Sophia asking how I liked my gift card and would I please change my review. I never received a refund and didn't hear from Alice again. So I answered as such a couple times. But then it just seemed pointless, so I stopped. | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | A week went by. That is when it turned from weird to super duper bizarre. Sophia emailed me that she had tears in her eyes at the thought of my disappointment in her toner. That she was the boss of this company and took quality seriously. How did I like my gift card? So I said look, just stop emailing me at this point. This is absurd. I had already emailed Alice the pictures and she said I'd get the refund, and nothing. | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | So Sophia responds. Says Alice is not with us anymore, she got covid19 and was in a snowstorm. | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | What ?! | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | Sophia went on to say, but here is a gift card code for a refund. She hopes I enjoy it because her boss makes her pay out of her own salary for these refunds. She has nothing to bring home to her family. Then she emailed me, how'd I like my gift card? | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | What. On. Earth. Is Alice dead? Is Sophia slave labor? Holy crap. Am I in some weird toner mafia now? | | | | | | | | |
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| | -45- COMPLAINT | | | | | | | | |
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| | Case 5:21-cv-01930-JWH-KK Document 1 Filed 11/12/21 Page 46 of 72 Page ID #:46 | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | |
| 1 | emailed Alice the pictures and she said I'd get the refund, and nothing. | | | | | |
| 2 | So Sophia responds. Says Alice is not with us anymore, she got covid19 and was in a snowstorm. | | | | | |
| | What ?! | | | | | |
| 3 4 | Sophia went on to say, but here is a gift card code for a refund. She hopes I enjoy it because her boss makes her pay out of her own salary for these refunds. She has nothing to bring home to her family. Then she emailed me, how'd I like my gift card? | | | | | |
| 5 | What. On. Earth. Is Alice dead? Is Sophia slave labor? Holy crap. Am I in some weird toner mafia now? | | | | | |
| 6 | So I respond asking if I can do anything to help her situation, contact labor relations, etc? Because like how do you respond to that kind of email?? | | | | | |
| 7 | She answered 3 minutes later that she appreciates my kindness and warm heartedness, and she has decided to quit. So I am her last customer. She'll get another job in a couple days. WHAT ON EARTH?? | | | | | |
| 8 | I *thought* that would conclude this insane little trip into the Toner Mafia Underground. I posted on social media asking for thoughts & prayers for Alice, because wow poor Alice. My friends all print something out in Alice's memory and love of toner. | | | | | |
| 9 | Then Ava emails me a week later saying she's Sophia's friend and how'd I like my gift card? Are you kidding me?? | | | | | |
| 10 | Alice then emails me a week later asking if I want a replacement or gift card refund for my faulty toner but can I change my review? (I had tried to update it but Amazon never put the revisions through.) | | | | | |
| 11 | ALICE IS ALIVE?! | | | | | |
| 12 | I say wow Alice, we were so worried about you, Sophia said you were gone and that your boss works you as slave labor. She replied that I was the sweetest person ever, they got rid of their boss, and she hopes to one day see me in person. | | | | | |
| 13 | I now have over 30 emails exchanged with this bizarre company. I deleted that original 3 star review, hoping they'd leave me alone. I am re-reviewing it because I feel morally obligated to warn others against the Toner Mafia. But see, Sophia and Alice and Ava? I gave it 5 stars. So DO NOT EMAIL ME AGAIN. | | | | | |
| 14 | What'd I get with the gift card? 1984 and The Testaments, because that seemed an appropriate way to honor Sophia, Alice, and Ava. | | | | | |
| 15 | Anyway, curious why the ink has 5 stars? it isn't for longevity. Even after shaking the thing didn't last more than another 70 pages. It has 5 stars because anything less will put you in the eyes of the Toner Mafia. 4 people found this helpful | | | | | |
| 16 | Helpful Report abuse Permalink | | | | | |
| 17 | | | | | | |
| 18 | 146. Other reviewers disclosed that they were hounded by Mountain Peak to | | | | | |
| 19 | | | | | | |
| 20 | change their negative reviews (products ASIN: B07RSZNBBW and ASIN | | | | | |
| 21 | B0828ZZSQL): | | | | | |
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| | Case 5:21-cv-01930-JWH-KK Document 1 Filed 11/12/21 Page 47 of 72 Page ID #:47 |
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| 1 | C Amazon.com/gp/customer-reviews/R1VZR35NHN6RTD/ref=cm_cr_getr_d_rvw_ttl?ie=UTF8&ASIN=B07RSZNB8W Amazon tools FB Iogin - Seller Portal G Google AdWords af Bigcommerce Login Search, Find, Buy: T Sccount overview G Google Maps G |
| 2 | |
| 3 | All V |
| 4 | E All Best Sellers Customer Service Prime - New Releases Pharmacy Books Today's Deals Fashion Toys & Games Kindle Books Gift Car |
| 5 | Customer Review |
| 6 | ★★★☆☆ Won't calibrate |
| 7 | Reviewed in the United States on September 7, 2020 Verified Purchase Early Reviewer Rewards (What's this?) The ink won't calibrate in my HP printer. The colors are completely off; I actually questioned whether I had them in the wrong slots but they are in correctly. I've run calibration |
| 8 | and it doesn't help. Edit: Since I left this review the company has hounded me incessantly asking me to improve my review. They offered to send me new replacement cartridges, which was |
| 9 | appreciated. Then they kept asking why I hadn't changed it yet when I hadn't even received the cartridges. I now have the cartridges, but haven't needed to use them yet since there are currently cartridges in my printer. I get emails constantly asking why I haven't updated the review. For now I will move them from a 1 to a 3, but needed to point out how obsessive they are. |
| 10 | Helpful Report abuse Permalink |
| 11 | |
| 12 | |
| 13 | ← → C A amazon.com/gp/customer-reviews/R1U5X3UY00TFMH/ref=cm_cr_arp_d_rvw_ttl?ie=UTF8&ASIN=B0828ZZSQL |
| 14 | 🏥 Apps 📙 Amazon tools 📙 FB 🌒 login - Seller Portal 💪 Google AdWords 🔏 Bigcommerce Login 🞲 Search, Find, Buy: T 📦 Account overview 💡 Google Maps 🤇 |
| 15 | All T |
| 16 | 🚍 All Best Sellers Customer Service Prime - New Releases Pharmacy Books Fashion Today's Deals Toys & Games Kindle Books Gift (|
| 17 | Customer Review |
| 18 | Amazon Customer |
| 19 | Reviewed in the United States on April 6, 2021 Verified Purchase |
| 20 | This is my revised review. Once I readjusted the tiny chips as the company noted the print quality is much better. I will give credit for that. Sorry, Amanda but I still can't give you a 5 star review as you requested. I was not a fan of prying the tiny chips out of the old cartridge's to put into the new ones. It is a pain and I did not expect to have to spend 20 |
| 21 | minutes digging them out while trying not to scratch the super tiny chips. To then make sure that they were put into the new cartridges correctly so that everything prints nice. In addition, I did not enjoy getting hounded to revise my review. I believe your reply to the fix would have been sufficient rather than sending a bunch of emails and even a letter in the mail. To the point where I finally said I would revise this. |
| 22 | Helpful Report abuse Permalink |
| 23 | 147. As further detailed below, Amazon does not permit sellers to incentivize or |
| 24 | compensate purchasers for reviews of the seller's products. In fact, Amazon does not even |
| | |
| 25 | allow sellers to communicate with purchasers outside of the Amazon messaging platform, |

customers BillionTree has circumvented Amazon rules. By offering to compensate

customers for favorable reviews (or for removal of negative reviews) BillionTree further violates Amazon rules and falsely advertises its products.

148. These are not the only indicia that BillionTree used false ratings and reviews or otherwise manipulated the Amazon algorithm. Another leading indicator relates to the statistically inexplicable volume of reviews and elevated product ratings enjoyed by Defendants' products on Amazon.

149. OEM-brand replacement ink/toner typically is the top-selling brand for any given printer. That is, not surprisingly, Hewlett-Packard brand inks typically lead sales on Amazon for replacement ink compatible with Hewlett-Packard brand printers—and frequently by a significant margin. Despite these greater sales (and thus greater opportunity for reviews), however, the volume of reviews and product ratings for BillionTree's competing third-party ink and toner products frequently outpace the OEM offering by a statistically unexplainable margin.

150. Reviews and ratings for Hewlett-Packard's CF258X ink (compatible with a number of HP OfficeJet printers) are illustrative. Amazon sells the OEM-brand HP CF258X ink (ASIN: B07QZ4Z3X9), while BillionTree's Greensky sells the compatible third-party private label HP CF258X ink (ASIN: B09D6Z8PPY). Greensky has sold 159 units on Amazon as compared to the OEM brand, which has sold 46,321 units. Despite the OEM-brand replacement having *300 times* the amount of sales, Greensky has managed 33 positive reviews on Amazon while the OEM-brand has only 30 positive reviews.

151. Through the conduct described herein, BillionTree and its controlled brands and shell companies sell on the order of \$25 million per year worth of replacement ink and toner on Amazon, accounting for approximately 7 percent of the market for same.

The V4INK Group

152. The V4INK Group sells replacement toners and inks on Amazon for printer brands HP, Canon, Brother, and others. It does so in its own name and also through a group of corporate shell companies and brands that it owns and controls, including at least: Fair Deal Trading Inc. and Golbest Trading Inc.

V4INK Alter Ego Sellers

153. V4INK sells or, in the time relevant to this action, has sold ink and toner on Amazon under its own brand (V4INK), along with at least six other brand names. Each of these brands and their sham sellers are actually just alter egos of V4INK, created or acquired by it in order to offer the same product under multiple listings, thus crowding the field on Amazon and creating the illusion of competition for sales of those products. In fact, a sale of any one of those "competing" products is a sale by V4INK.

154. The ostensibly competing brands owned or controlled by V4INK include, at least, the following:

| Allwork | Smartomni | Cavdle | Ink e-Sale |
|---------|-----------|--------|------------|
| Klausen | Ialaa | | |

155. The U.S. trademark for the brand "V4INK" was originally registered to V4INK Corporation at 20450 E. Walnut Drive North, Walnut, California. Some of the "separate" brands listed above were likewise registered to this same entity and are not actually competing brands. For instance, the U.S. trademark for the Smartomni brand was originally registered to V4INK Corporation in Walnut, California. The U.S. trademark for the Cavdle brand likewise was originally registered to V4INK Corporation in Walnut, California.

156. The corporate interrelationships of others of these brands, some of which ostensibly are owned by other legal entities, are less transparent, though still exist. Each is an alter ego of V4INK.

157. One way to illustrate these various corporate interrelationships is to examine the numerous ostensibly competing brands of third-party ink and toner on Amazon that are compatible with popular printers. The following examples elucidate many such relationships and demonstrate that all of these interwoven brands, sham corporations, and straw sellers are simple stand-ins for V4INK. While these examples (and the following

relationships) can be discerned through a public document investigation, the full scope of
 the practice can be ascertained only by discovery in this action.

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V4INK EXAMPLE PRODUCT #1: Canon 046H Compatible Toner

158. For instance, V4INK offers for sale on Amazon toner replacements compatible with the Canon 046H under both its own V4INK brand and the Smartomni brand, which it also controls. These ostensibly competing products, which dominate the search results for this toner, are actually both V4INK product offerings.

159. As noted above, the U.S. trademark for the V4INK brand was originally registered to V4INK Corporation at 20450 E. Walnut Drive North, Walnut, California. The U.S. trademark for the Smartomni brand was likewise originally registered to V4INK Corporation in Walnut, California.

160. Each of these brands, while ostensibly competing for sales of replacement toner compatible with the Canon 046H is actually a V4INK stand-in and alter ego.

V4INK EXAMPLE PRODUCT #2: Hewlett Packard CF258X and Brother TN433 Compatible Toner

161. In other examples, V4INK sells Hewlett Packard CF258X compatible toner on Amazon under its own V4INK brand, under the Smartomni brand, as well as under the Ink e-Sale brand. It sells TN433 compatible toner on Amazon under its own V4INK brand, the Ink e-Sale brand, and the Allwork brand. These ostensibly competing products, which dominate the search results for these toners, are actually all V4INK product offerings.

162. The interrelationship between the V4INK and Smartomni brands was discussed above.

163. The U.S. trademark for the brand Ink e-Sale was registered by attorney Haoyi Chen, the same individual who registered the trademark for Smartomni (which, again, was originally registered to V4INK Corporation). The Ink e-Sale brand trademark was registered to Golbest Trading Inc., at the address 18351 Colima Road, Rowland Heights, California. Secretary of State records for Golbest Trading Inc. list a registered address Xiao Xin Zhang, 18351 Colima Road, Rowland Heights, California. This strip mall address

houses the "Rowland Postal Center," according to images available from Google Maps, 2 and is not an actual business office. The U.S. trademark for the brand Allwork was 3 originally registered to a company at this same P.O. box address, and corporate papers for 4 that company (Fair Deal Trading Inc.) likewise listed corporate contact of Xiao Xin Zhang, 5 18351 Colima Road, Rowland Heights, California. Both the Golbest Trading Inc. and Fair Deal Trading Inc. corporate papers were signed (on July 19, 2016) by an individual named 6 Sophia Sun. The U.S. trademark for the brand Cavdle (which, as noted above, was 8 originally registered to V4INK Corporation) was, at some point, transferred to an entity 9 called MTB International Trading Inc., which also listed an address at 18351 Colima Road, 10 Rowland Heights, California. Like Golbest Trading Inc. and Fair Deal Trading Inc., MTB International Trading Inc.'s corporate registration records were signed by the individual 12 Sophia Sun.

164. Golbest Trading Inc., Fair Deal Trading Inc., and MTB International Trading Inc. (all of which are V4INK Group members), Ourway Image Tech Co. Ltd. (a Ninestar Group member), and Greensky (a BillionTree Group member), all list corporate addresses within about a mile of each other-sometimes even on the same street. Additionally, some of the listed addresses don't lead to real addresses or just lead to P.O. boxes. This suggests further linkage and/or coordination between Ninestar, V4INK, and BillionTree, all of which will be explored during discovery of this action.

165. When a consumer searches for toner or ink on Amazon, the V4INK Group shell companies and brands lead the consumer to believe she is choosing from among independently competing companies or brands. In reality, the choice is from among a large number of offerings of the same product sold by and for the benefit of V4INK. No matter which of the "different" brands the consumer chooses to purchase, V4INK wins the business and makes the sale.

26 166. As detailed below, this deceptive use of more than one seller account is a violation of Amazon rules and provides an unfair advantage to V4INK at the expense of 28 honest sellers like Plaintiff.

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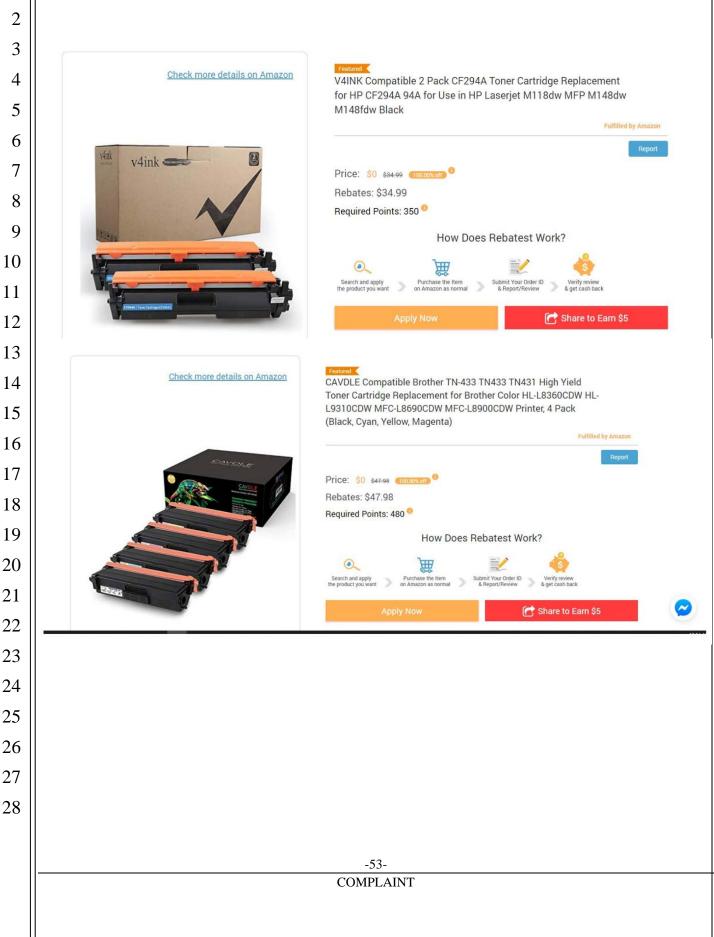
167. Despite V4INK's attempts to conceal its ownership and control of the shell companies and brands, the corporate records pertaining to the shell companies, trademark registrations of the brands, and various public documents all lead back to V4INK. V4INK's purpose in creating these shell companies and brands is to falsely portray competition among numerous "sellers" and to crowd non-V4INK sellers out of the search results, all while driving toner and ink purchases to V4INK.

168. On information and belief, V4INK acts in concert with the other shell companies and brands under fictitious names within the V4INK Group in order to engage in the conduct complained of in this Complaint. On information and belief, V4INK is jointly and severally responsible for the conduct of the V4INK Group complained of herein, including the conduct of the shell companies and fictitious brand entities, which it operates as a single enterprise by commingling resources, assets, operations, commercial activities, incur expenses and achieve profits jointly for the benefit of the combined enterprise, its owners and officers.

V4INK False Advertising

169. In addition to flooding the marketplace with brands, V4INK also manipulates the Amazon search algorithms with incentivized reviews, fake reviews, or other tactics as described in this complaint. 1

170. V4INK offered 100% rebates in exchange for posting a review on Amazon:



| 💧 bxespi****@ya | ahoo com ph requested cash back of \$80.97 successfully |
|------------------------------|--|
| Check more details on Amazon | INK E-SALE Compatible TN436 Toner Replacement For Brother TN436 TN433 Toner Cartridges (Kcmy, 4-Pack) Use For Brother MFC-L8900CDW HI-L8360Cdwt Mfc-L8610Cdw HI-L8260Cdw HI- L8360Cdw HI-L9310CDW Printer |
| Marco Sole | Report Price: \$0 664.99 (INTRODUCE) Rebates: \$64.99 Required Points: 650 |
| | How Does Rebatest Work? |

171. As further detailed below, Amazon does not permit sellers to incentivize or compensate purchasers for reviews of the seller's products. In fact, Amazon does not even allow sellers to communicate with purchasers outside of the Amazon messaging platform, which does not share customer contact information. By communicating directly with customers V4INK has circumvented Amazon rules. By offering to compensate customers for favorable reviews (or for removal of negative reviews) V4INK further violates Amazon rules and falsely advertises its products.

172. These are not the only indicia that V4INK used false ratings and reviews or otherwise manipulated the Amazon algorithm. Another leading indicator relates to the statistically inexplicable volume of reviews and elevated product ratings enjoyed by Defendants' products on Amazon.

173. OEM-brand replacement ink/toner typically is the top-selling brand for any given printer. That is, not surprisingly, Hewlett-Packard brand inks typically lead sales on Amazon for replacement ink compatible with Hewlett-Packard brand printers—and frequently by a significant margin. Despite these greater sales (and thus greater opportunity for reviews), however, the volume of reviews and product ratings for V4INK's competing

third-party ink and toner products frequently outpace the OEM offering by a statistically unexplainable margin.

174. Reviews and ratings for Hewlett-Packard's 414X ink (compatible with a number of HP OfficeJet printers) are illustrative. Amazon sells the OEM-brand HP 414X ink (ASIN: B07R3XX88Z), while V4INK's Ink E-Sale sells the compatible third-party private label HP 414X ink (ASIN: B07V3D5XLN). Ink E-Sale has sold 560 units on Amazon as compared to the OEM brand, which has sold 65,424 units. Despite the OEM having *115 times* the amount of sales, the two have managed essentially the same number of positive reviews on Amazon: 21 for Ink E-Sale as (disproportionately) compared to 31 for the OEM-brand.

175. Through the conduct described herein, V4INK and its controlled brands and shell companies sell on the order of \$20 million per year worth of replacement ink and toner on Amazon, accounting for approximately 5 percent of the market for same.

C. Defendants' Unfair Competition Inflates Their Sales at the Expense of Honest Sellers

176. As set forth throughout this Complaint, Defendants use deceptive practices to market and sell their products, including: crowding the field with multiple alter ego seller accounts; false product reviews; compensated or incentivized product reviews (including compensation for removal or change of negative reviews); ghost accounts to show false product interest or sales, and to inflate product ratings; and recycling old product listings to falsely portray an existing sales and review history for new products.

177. Defendants engage in this deceptive conduct, in short, because it works. They know that review volume and content are critical to sales on Amazon. According to seller consultant Chris McCabe, a former Amazon employee, a product with a lot of reviews is more likely to appear on the first page of keyword search results.¹⁷ *The Markup* reports

¹⁷ Here's Another Kind Of Review Fraud Happening On Amazon (Nicole Nguyen. May 29, 2018) <u>https://www.buzzfeednews.com/article/nicolenguyen/amazon-review-reuse-fraud</u> (Last visited Nov. 12 2021).

that after price and shipping, the number of product reviews is the single most important purchase-driving factor for Amazon shoppers, citing a 2020 survey conducted by e-commerce firm Tinuiti.¹⁸

178. Seller consultant McCabe further notes that sellers "need quantity [of product reviews], or they start dropping in sales rank." A product with a lot of reviews is more likely to appear on the first page of keyword search results, according to McCabe.¹⁹ The *New York Times* has likewise concluded that review "volume" can make a big difference in a product's sales.

179. Review content is likewise critical to sales. A 2020 PCMag survey found that 78% of US shoppers who planned to buy tech products on Amazon Prime Day that year agreed that Amazon product reviews play a big role in their purchase decisions.²⁰

180. Defendants know that their fastest route to occupying the top search results is to pile up positive reviews and make sure that any legitimate negative reviews are neutralized or deleted.

181. An expose by BuzzFeed News looked closely at the "Fake Review Economy" on Amazon, concluding that product reviews are a seller's best chance to stand out in the crowded marketplace. Citing survey data in which fully 87 percent of consumers said a positive review confirmed their decision to purchase a product, the authors concluded that "The best way to make it on Amazon is with positive reviews, and the best way to get positive reviews is to buy them."²¹

²¹ Inside Amazon's Fake Review Economy (Nicole Nguyen. May 7, 2018)
 <u>https://www.buzzfeednews.com/article/nicolenguyen/amazon-fake-review-problem</u> (Last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

¹⁸ Is This Amazon Review Bullshit? (Jon Keegan. July 21, 2020) <u>https://themarkup.org/ask-the-markup/2020/07/21/how-to-spot-fake-amazon-product-reviews</u> (Last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

¹⁹ Here's Another Kind Of Review Fraud Happening On Amazon (Nicole Nguyen. May 29, 2018) <u>https://www.buzzfeednews.com/article/nicolenguyen/amazon-review-reuse-fraud</u> (Last visited Nov. 12 2021).

²⁰ How to Spot a Fake Review on Amazon (Jason Cohen. June 21, 2021) <u>https://www.pcmag.com/how-to/spot-a-fake-review-on-amazon</u> (Last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

182. Reviews are, in fact, for sale. A number of "black hat" companies offers sellers of Amazon products in the U.S. a menu of tactics designed to manipulate Amazon's ranking system to promote products, according to BuzzFeed. For instance, one company simply charges sellers "as much as \$10,000 a month to help Amazon sellers appear at the top of product search results. Other tactics to promote sellers' products include removing negative reviews from product pages and exploiting technical loopholes on Amazon's site to lift products' overall sales rankings." Consultants offer "thumbs-up" clicks on a product review (suggesting the review was helpful), removal of negative reviews, or other services which help increase the overall star rating for a product. Black hat consultants offer to obtain customer email addresses for sellers so that sellers may contact them directly—which is against Amazon rules. As BuzzFeed notes, such offerings "make it harder for Amazon sellers who abide by the company's terms of service to succeed in the marketplace, and sellers who rely on these tactics mislead customers...."²²

183. One seller told BuzzFeed that before he engaged one of the black hat consultants he would barely break even on sales because the cost of advertising on Amazon is so high. He now makes about \$3 million per year in net profits, but before he used the consultant's services he was making \$73,000 per year.²³

184. According to the *Wall Street Journal*, "click farms that manage thousands of Amazon accounts" have proliferated. "In China, for example, some secretive businesses rent or sell accounts so that merchants can use them to make purchases and leave positive reviews."²⁴ Often, merchants use Facebook groups to incentivize fake reviews. Again, according to the *Wall Street Journal*, "Sellers, often out of China, post about free products,

 ²² Some Amazon Sellers Are Paying \$10,00 A Month To Trick Their Way To The Top (Leticia Miranda. April 24, 2019) <u>https://www.buzzfeednews.com/article/leticiamiranda/amazon-marketplace-sellers-black-hat-scams-search-rankings</u> (Nov. 12, 2021).
 ²³ Id.

 ²⁴ How Sellers Trick Amazon to Boost Sales (Laura Stevens. July 28, 2018)
 <u>https://www.wsj.com/articles/how-sellers-trick-amazon-to-boost-sales-1532750493</u> (Last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

say Bluetooth headphones. The buyer gets the Amazon link from the seller via direct message, orders the headphones through Amazon so it can appear as a 'Verified Purchase,' then writes the review, posts some photos and rates it five stars. Once proof of purchase is provided, the seller refunds the buyer, generally via PayPal."²⁵

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185. Nor do sellers rely solely on fake reviews. Simply clicking to indicate that a particular review (whether bona fide or fabricated) was "Helpful" pushes that review higher for the product in question. As BuzzFeed reported, sellers "hire people to hit the 'Helpful' button on a review so that it appears first" among reviews.²⁶

186. In the fall of 2019, Amazon launched its one-tap rating system, which allowed customers to submit a product star rating without accompanying review text. These ratings also increase sales. As the New York Times reported, an increase a single "star" in an Amazon product rating "correlates with a 26 percent increase in sales, according to a recent analysis by the e-commerce consulting firm Pattern."²⁷

187. An August 2021 paper published by researchers at UCLA and USC concluded that "rating manipulation has a large causal effect on sales."²⁸ The authors found that when firms stopped using fake reviews, their average ratings fell, the share of one-star reviews increased significantly, thus indicating that rating manipulation "is deceiving and harming consumers." The study observed "a substantial increase in search position and sales rank" in the period after sellers purchase fake reviews and found that the false ratings evidence "primarily supports the consumer harm view."²⁹

²⁹ *Id.* at pp. 4-5.

²⁵ Is It Really Five Stars? How to Spot Fake Amazon Reviews (Joanna Stern. Dec. 20, 2018) https://www.wsj.com/articles/is-it-really-five-stars-how-to-spot-fake-amazon-reviews-11545314400 (Last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

²⁶ Here's Another Kind Of Review Fraud Happening On Amazon (Nicole Nguyen, May 29, 2018) 24 https://www.buzzfeednews.com/article/nicolenguyen/amazon-review-reuse-fraud (Last visited Nov. 12 25 2021).

²⁷ When Is a Star Not Always a Star? When It's an Online Review (Sapna Maheshwari. Nov. 28, 2019) https://www.nytimes.com/2019/11/28/business/online-reviews-fake.html (Nov. 12, 2021).

See Sherry He, Brett Hollenbeck, and Davide Proserpio, The Market for Fake Reviews (Aug. 2021), available at https://papers.ssrn.com/sol3/papers.cfm?abstract_id=3664992 (last visited Oct. 1, 2021).

188. The academic study concludes that in addition to harming consumers, "rating manipulation likely harms honest sellers and the platform's reputation itself." If consumers become more skeptical of new and highly rated products, "[t]his, in turn, would make it harder for new, high-quality sellers to enter the market and would likely reduce innovation."³⁰

189. A recent *Wall Street Journal* story addressed seller tactics similar to those employed by Defendants as recounted above. It noted that some sellers track down customers who leave negative feedback on Amazon listings and pester—or bribe—them to delete or change those reviews. One seller sent multiple messages to a consumer's personal email after the consumer left a two-star review for a \$17 finger brace, offering "escalating monetary incentives to delete the [negative] review, from \$10 to finally \$40."³¹ Another *Wall Street Journal* article described a seller's offer "We are willing to refund in full," and "We hope you can reconsider deleting comments at your convenience okay?" When the consumer requested a refund but did not want to delete her review, another representative refused to provide the refund. A refund of \$20 (twice the amount the customer paid) was offered if only the review would be deleted. Amazon's terms of service prohibit sellers from requesting that a customer remove a negative review or post a positive one.³²

190. Paying for reviews or paying consumers to change or delete negative reviews are not the only tactics sellers use to falsely portray products. When a product is new to the market, it begins with no sales or review history upon which to rely. As BuzzFeed News again observed, unscrupulous sellers "take an existing product page, then update the photo

 $^{^{30}}_{21}$ Id. at 53.

³¹ Fake Reviews and Inflated Ratings Are Still a Problem for Amazon (Nicole Nguyen. June 13, 2021) <u>https://www.wsj.com/articles/fake-reviews-and-inflated-ratings-are-still-a-problem-for-amazon-11623587313</u> (Last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

³² When Amazon Customers Leave Negative Reviews, Some Sellers Hunt Them Down (Nicole Nguyen. Aug. 8, 2021) <u>https://www.wsj.com/articles/when-amazon-customers-leave-negative-reviews-some-sellers-hunt-them-down-11628420400</u> (Last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

and description to show an entirely different product. By retaining all the existing reviews, the new product looks more tested and legitimate to shoppers – and in the world of online reviews, quantity is key. More ratings make a product appear to be more well-reviewed and, ultimately, boosts sales." A Federal Trade Commission representative confirmed that "it's deceptive to misrepresent that reviews for one product apply to a different product."³³

191. This method of deception is sometimes called "brushing." The *Wall Street Journal* chronicled a blackhead-remover mask from a merchant that Amazon listed as "just launched," that already had hundreds of reviews, averaging 4.3 stars. However, only the first four reviews related to the mask, while all of the others evaluated a battery charger. According to the *Journal*, the seller "likely co-opted an old listing with positive reviews and changed the product's image and description to fool Amazon's algorithms, according to sellers and consultants familiar with this general practice."³⁴

192. The practices that succeed in inflating sales are the types of deceptive practices engaged in by the Defendants. Those practices have been successful in inflating Defendants' sales at the expense of sales by Plaintiff.

D. False Reviews and Sales Rank Manipulation Are Deceptive and Unfair Methods of Competition

193. The practices engaged in by Defendants and complained of throughout this Complaint have been deemed deceptive and unfair methods of competition.

194. In 2019, the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) filed a lawsuit against a company that allegedly paid a third party to generate false reviews and inflated star ratings for its product, which was sold exclusively on Amazon.³⁵ The FTC asserted that these

³⁴ How Sellers Trick Amazon to Boost Sales (Laura Stevens. July 28, 2018)

³³ Here's Another Kind Of Review Fraud Happening On Amazon (Nicole Nguyen. May 29, 2018) <u>https://www.buzzfeednews.com/article/nicolenguyen/amazon-review-reuse-fraud</u> (Last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

https://www.wsj.com/articles/how-sellers-trick-amazon-to-boost-sales-1532750493 (Last visited Nov. 12, 2021).

³⁵ Federal Trade Commission v. Cure Encapsulations, Inc., et al., No. 19-cv-982 (E.D.N.Y.).

fabricated reviews constituted "unfair or deceptive acts or practices in or affecting commerce," in violation of Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a).

195. The case was resolved within a week, with the seller-defendant agreeing to injunctive relief and a \$12.8 million judgment. Andrew Smith, Director of the FTC's Bureau of Consumer Protection, said in a statement: "People rely on reviews when they're shopping online[.] When a company buys fake reviews to inflate its Amazon ratings, it hurts both shoppers and companies that play by the rules."³⁶

196. Seller conduct on the Amazon marketplace is governed by Amazon's rules. First and foremost, the Amazon seller code of conduct requires that all sellers must "provide accurate information to Amazon and our customers at all times." This means that sellers "must use a business name that accurately identifies your business...."

197. Sellers must also "not attempt to influence customers' ratings, feedback and reviews." In particular, the seller code of conduct prohibits sellers from "send[ing] unsolicited or inappropriate communications" or "contact[ing] customers" except through Amazon's Buyer-Seller Messaging system (which does not share buyer direct contact information with sellers).

198. The Amazon seller code of conduct specifically states that "Examples of unfair activities include: Manipulating sales rank (such as by accepting fake orders or orders that you have paid for)." Amazon's rules dictate, among other things, that "[a]ny attempt to manipulate reviews, including by directly or indirectly contributing false, misleading or inauthentic content, is strictly prohibited" on the Amazon online platform.³⁷

199. Further directives specify that sellers "may not attempt to influence or inflate customers' ratings, feedback, and reviews," and may not "pay for or offer an incentive

³⁶ Feb. 26, 2019 FTC Press Release, available at <u>https://www.ftc.gov/news-events/press-</u> releases/2019/02/ftc-brings-first-case-challenging-fake-paid-reviews-independent (last viewed Nov. 12, 2021).

 ³⁷ Anti-Manipulation Policy for Customer Reviews, AMAZON
 <u>https://www.amazon.com/gp/help/customer/display.html?nodeId=201996120#:~:text=Reviews%20prov</u>
 <u>ide%20a%20forum%20for,our%20reviews%20platform%20very%20seriously. (last</u> visited Nov. 12, 2021).

(such as coupons or free products) in exchange for providing or removing feedback or reviews." Sellers may not ask customers to remove or change a review.³⁸

200. The seller code of conduct also indicates that sellers must "not operate more than one selling account on Amazon without a legitimate business need." Amazon's Selling Policies and Seller Code of Conduct restrict sellers from operating multiple selling accounts. Absent a "legitimate business need," a seller may maintain only one Seller Central account for each region in which it sells. Owning multiple brands is a "legitimate business justification" only if the seller maintains separate businesses for each.

201. Defendants' blatant and consistent violation of the Amazon rules, which are designed to provide consumers with honest information and secure a fair playing field for honest competition, is unlawful under the Lanham Act and California law as asserted below.

202. On October 13, 2021, the Federal Trade Commission issued a warning to hundreds of businesses about fake reviews and misleading product endorsements. The FTC outlined seven practices that it considers deceptive or unfair conduct:

- It is an unfair or deceptive trade practice to make claims which represent, expressly or by implication, that a third party has endorsed a product or its performance when such third party has not in fact endorsed such product or its performance.
- It is an unfair or deceptive trade practice for an advertiser to misrepresent that an endorsement represents the experience, views, or opinions of users or purported users of the product.
- It is an unfair or deceptive trade practice to misrepresent an endorser as an actual user, a current user, or a recent user of a product or service.
- It is an unfair or deceptive trade practice for an advertiser to continue to advertise an endorsement unless the advertiser has good reason to believe

 $28 \parallel^{38} Id.$

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that the endorser continues to subscribe to the views presented in the endorsement.

- It is an unfair or deceptive trade practice for an advertiser to use testimonials to make unsubstantiated or otherwise deceptive performance claims even if such testimonials are genuine.
- It is an unfair or deceptive trade practice to fail to disclose a connection between an endorser and the seller of an advertised product or service, if such a connection might materially affect the weight or credibility of the endorsement and if the connection would not be reasonably expected by consumers.
- It is an unfair or deceptive trade practice to misrepresent explicitly or implicitly through the use of testimonials that the experience described by endorsers of a product or service represents the typical or ordinary experience of users of the product or service.

Each of the Defendants operate or have operated in a manner that would be considered deceptive or unfair conduct under the FTC warning letter.

E. ML Products' Injury

203. ML Products is an online distributor and retailer based in Los Angeles, California that has sold various kinds of toner and ink since 1999, making sales to wholesalers, retailers, and consumers. ML Products began selling third-party private label ink and toner on Amazon in 2018 and has continued to sell these products on Amazon since that time, in direct competition with Defendants.

204. ML Products has a lengthy track record as a successful toner and ink supply company over its 20-plus year existence. Prior to 2018, ML Products focused on direct to consumer sales of ink and toner. As the Amazon market became more and more powerful, and as more consumers flocked to Amazon as the starting place for search and the go-to

marketplace for anything, a selling presence on Amazon became a commercial necessity for online retail sales.

205. ML Products identified high-demand ink and toner cartridges and was quick to the market, initially establishing itself as one of the top 1 percent of all Amazon sellers that cross the \$1 million mark in yearly sales.³⁹ At that time, ML Products quickly rose to the top of Amazon's organic listings for large market inks and toners and had instant success. While ML Products has continued to grow its Amazon sales revenues each year since, with an average growth of approximately 33% year-over-year, its search rankings quickly dropped due Defendants' conduct as described herein.

206. ML Products attempted to compete with Defendants through a combination of sponsored ads and regular listings, but simply could not compete on the products that Defendants decided to sell. Without engaging in the same conduct as Defendants—i.e., false reviews and ratings and crowding the field with multiple shell company sellers under the control of and for the benefit of a single entity—honest sellers like ML Products are unable to earn the top organic search results and thus unable to compete with Defendants who thereby dominate third-party sales of replacement ink and toner.

207. Unable to compete in the lucrative high volume toner and ink cartridges that comprise most of the market, ML Products has been forced to concentrate on sales of smaller, niche ink and toner products that are not worth Defendants deceptive marketing and cheating efforts.

208. Absent Defendants' conduct as complained of herein, ML Products would have continued to succeed in sales of high-demand ink and toner cartridges as it set out to do, and would have won a substantial portion of the sales for ink and toner cartridges that Defendants have sold since that time.

209. The Defendants, through the tactics described in this complaint, do not merely dominate the existing market but they also foreclose the entry by honest sellers into that

market, as honest sellers simply cannot compete with the unlawful tactics employed by
 Defendants.

210. ML Products has suffered, and will continue to suffer, injury as a direct, foreseeable, and proximate result of Defendants' conduct.

V. CLAIMS FOR RELIEF COUNT I Violations of the Lanham Act (All Defendants) (15 U.S.C. § 1051 et seq.)

211. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges all paragraphs previously stated herein.

212. Defendants, in connection with their products sold in interstate commerce have made and continue to make false statements of fact and false representations of fact as to the nature, characteristics, and quality of its products.

213. Defendants have introduced their false and misleading statements into interstate commerce via marketing and false reviews on its Amazon.com online sales platform.

214. Defendants' false and misleading statements of fact and misrepresentations of fact concerning its products were made, and continue to be made, in commercial advertising, promotions, and direct communications with consumers on their Amazon.com online sales platform in a manner material to the public's decision to purchase Defendants' products instead of those of their competitors, including Plaintiff.

215. Defendants' false statements of fact and false representations of fact in promoting their products are false and misleading in violation of Section 43(a) of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a).

216. Defendants' false and misleading statements include fake customer reviews and promotional tactics and materials that Defendants have placed into interstate commerce

in connection with the marketing of their products on the Amazon.com online sales
 platform.

217. The above-described acts of Defendants actually deceived, or have the tendency to deceive, a substantial segment of consumers who see or read such representations and reviews on the Amazon.com online sales platform.

218. The above-described acts of Defendants are material, in that they are likely to influence a consumer's purchasing decision.

219. Plaintiff directly competes with Defendants in the consumer replacement ink and toner industry.

220. As demonstrated above, Defendants have intentionally and materially participated in a false and misleading campaign to promote and sell their products on the Amazon.com online sales platform.

221. Defendants have compete unfairly with Plaintiff by manipulating Amazon's customer review system as described herein.

222. As a result of Defendants' false and misleading advertising, Plaintiff has suffered a direct diversion of customers to Defendants and has been and will be deprived of substantial revenue in an amount to be determined at trial.

223. Defendants have caused, and will continue to cause, immediate and irreparable injury to Plaintiff, including injury to its business, for which there is no adequate remedy at law. As such, Plaintiff is entitled to an injunction under 15 U.S.C. § 1116 restraining Defendants, their agents, employees, representatives and all persons acting in concert with them from engaging in further acts in violation of Section 43(a) of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a) and ordering removal of all of Defendants' false advertising.

224. Plaintiff is entitled under 15 U.S.C. § 1117 to actual damages to be determined at trial, to have such damages trebled, to disgorgement of Defendants' profits, and costs of the action.

225. Defendants have acted in bad faith and have knowingly, willfully, and deliberately engaged in false advertising with the intent to deceive the public and injure their competitors, including Plaintiff. Thus, in addition to the relief requested herein, Plaintiff is entitled to reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to 25 U.S.C. § 1117(a).

COUNT II Violation of California Unfair Competition Law Section 17200 (All Defendants) (Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200, *et seq*.)

226. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges all paragraphs previously stated herein.

227. The California Unfair Competition Law ("UCL") prohibits acts of "unfair competition," including any "unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business act or practice" and "unfair, deceptive, untrue or misleading advertising." Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200.

228. Amazon's platforms are used in interstate commerce and throughout the world for the purposes of commercial advertising and promotion. Defendants have engaged in unlawful, unfair and fraudulent conduct by way of their false, deceptive, and misleading marketing, advertising, reviews and sale of their ink products on Amazon's online sales platforms. In particular, Defendants falsely represent to consumers that their reviews and ratings are legitimate, when it fact Defendants employ fake product reviews; compensation to customers for positive product reviews or removal of negative product reviews; "ghost" accounts to manufacture the false impression of interest in, or sales of, products; manipulation of the "helpful" voting for the (likely false) positive reviews of Defendants' products; the recycling of old product ASINs (and their accompanying review history) for use with new product offerings; and Defendants' use of multiple seller accounts offering the same products to ensure the search results list their products as top products.

229. Defendants' actions set forth herein constitute intentional business acts and practices that are unlawful, unfair, and fraudulent, including Defendants' manipulation of Amazon's customer review system and organic search algorithm.

230. As demonstrated above, Defendants violated the Unfair Competition Law by making and continuing to make representations about their ink products that are clearly false and misleading, and Defendants have engaged in unlawful, unfair and fraudulent conduct by way of their false, deceptive, and misleading misleading statements of fact and representations of fact as to the nature, characteristics, and quality of their products and product reviews to boost sales on Amazon.

231. Defendants are likely to cause confusion, mistake, and deception as to the nature, characteristics, and quality of their products due to Defendants' manipulation of Amazon's customer review system and organic search algorithm.

232. Plaintiff directly competes with Defendants in the consumer replacement ink and toner industry.

233. By reason of Defendants' acts of unfair competition, Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to suffer irreparable injury unless and until this Court enters an order enjoining Defendant from any further acts of unfair competition. Defendant's continuing acts of unfair competition, unless enjoined, will cause irreparable damage to Plaintiff in that he will have no adequate remedy at law to compel Defendants to cease such acts, and no way to determine his losses proximately caused by such acts of Defendant. Plaintiff is therefore entitled to a preliminary injunction and a permanent injunction against further unlawful, unfair, and fraudulent conduct by Defendants.

234. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' acts of unfair competition, Defendant has wrongfully taken Plaintiff's profits and sales, as well as his substantial investment of time, energy and money. Defendants should therefore disgorge all profits from the above conduct and further should be ordered to perform full restitution to Plaintiff as a consequence of Defendants' unlawful, unfair, and fraudulent activities.

COUNT III Violation of California False Advertising Law (All Defendants) (Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17500, et seq.)

235. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and re-alleges all paragraphs previously stated herein.

236. California Business & Professions Code § 17500 states: "It is unlawful for any . . . corporation . . . with intent directly or indirectly to dispose of real or personal property . . . to induce the public to enter into any obligation relating thereto, to make or disseminate or cause to be made or disseminated . . . from this state before the public in any state, in any newspaper or other publication, or any advertising device, . . . or in any other manner or means whatever, including over the Internet, any statement . . . which is untrue or misleading, and which is known, or which by the exercise of reasonable care should be known, to be untrue or misleading."

237. Defendants violated Business and Professions Code section 17500 by making or disseminating, or causing to be made or disseminated, before the public in this State, deceptive, untrue or misleading statements in connection with the sale of goods on Amazon's online sales platforms, that Defendants knew, or in the exercise of reasonable care should have known were deceptive, untrue or misleading concerning the sale of Defendants' product and were likely to mislead or deceive a reasonable consumer.

238. For example and without limitation, Defendants purposely made false and misleading statements through the manipulation of customer product reviews and the creation of false product reviews to boost Defendants' profiles and sales on Amazon. Plaintiff directly competes with Defendants in the consumer replacement ink and toner industry.

239. Defendants are likely to cause confusion, mistake, and deception as to the nature, characteristics, and quality of their products due to Defendants' manipulation of Amazon's customer review system and organic search algorithm.

240. By reason of Defendants' deceptive, untrue, and misleading advertising, Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to suffer irreparable injury unless and until this Court enters an order enjoining Defendants from any further acts of deceptive, untrue, and misleading advertising. Defendants' continuing acts of deceptive, untrue, and misleading advertising, unless enjoined, will cause irreparable damage to Plaintiff in that he will have no adequate remedy at law to compel Defendants to cease such acts, and no way to determine his losses proximately caused by such acts of Defendants. Plaintiff is therefore entitled to a preliminary injunction and a permanent injunction against further deceptive, untrue, and misleading advertising by Defendants.

241. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' acts of deceptive, untrue, and misleading advertising, Defendants have wrongfully taken Plaintiff's profits and his substantial investment of time, energy and money. Defendants should therefore disgorge all profits from the above conduct and further should be ordered to perform full restitution to Plaintiff as a consequence of Defendants' deceptive, untrue, and misleading advertising.

242. Defendants' actions, as described above, constitute false and misleading descriptions and misrepresentations of fact in California which, in commercial advertising and promotion, misrepresent the nature, characteristics, and qualities of their products in violation of the False Advertising Law at Business & Professions Code § 17500, et seq.

VI.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants as follows:

A. Damages under the aforesaid causes of action in the form of actual, damages, disgorgement of Defendants' profits, and an award of enhanced or treble damages, in an amount to be determined at trial;

B. An Order enjoining Defendants from engaging in the false and unlawful conduct described in this lawsuit;

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| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | interest on any amounts awa D. An award of reasonable at herein; E. Any further relief as the Co J | lants to pay both pre and post judgment arded to the extent allowed by law; torney's fees and costs of suit incurred ourt deems appropriate. VII. URY DEMAND (b), Plaintiff demands a trial by jury for all issues so | | | | |
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| 11 | DATED: November 12, 2021 | Respectfully Submitted, | | | | |
| 12 | | MCCUNE WRIGHT AREVALO, LLP, | | | | |
| 13 | | s/Richard D. McCune | | | | |
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| 25 | | cpl@mccunewright.com | | | | |
| 26 | | * Applications <i>Pro Hac Vice</i> to be Submitted | | | | |
| 27 | | | | | | |
| 28 | | Attorneys for Plaintiff | | | | |
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| | COMPLAINT | | | | | |

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